THE COLUMBIAN,
OLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH AND COLUMBIAN CONSOLIDATED.)
Issued weekly, every Friday morning, at
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.,
two DOLLARS per year, payable in advance, or during the year. After the expiration of the year $2 50 will be charged. To subscribers out of the county the terms are $2 per year, strictly in advance —if it is not paid in advance and $3.00 if payment be delayed to end the year.
No paper discontinued, except at the option of the proprietors, until all arrearages are paid, but long contracted credits after the expiration of the first year will not be given.
All papers sent out of the State or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.
POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.
The Jobbing department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the larger cities. All work done on demand, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

C. B. BROCKWAY, G. E. ELWELL, } Editors and Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1876.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. X, NO. 50
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XLI, NO. 41

Rates of Advertising.

One inch, (twelve lines or its equivalent in Nonpareil type) one or two insertions, $1.50; three insertions, $2.00.

SPACE.	1W.	2W.	3W.	6M.	1Y.
One inch	$2.00	$3.00	$4.50	$6 00	$10.00
Two inches	3.50	5.00	7.00	9.00	15.00
Three inches	5.00	7.00	9 00	12.00	18.00
Four inches	7.00	9.00	11 00	17.00	25.00
Quarter column	10.00	12.00	14.00	20.00	30.00
Half column	18.00	18.00	20.00	30.00	60 00
One column	30.00	36.00	40.00	60.00	100.00

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid for before inserted except where parties have accounts.
Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertions without reference to length.
Executor's, Administrator's and Auditor's notices three dollars.
Transient or Local notices, twenty cents a line, regular advertisements half rates.
Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar per year for each line.

Columbia County Official Directory.

President Judge—William Elwell.
Associate Judges—Irum Derr, M. G. Hughes.
Prothonotary, &c.—S. Frank Zarr.
Court Stenographer—S. S. Walker.
Register & Recorder—Williamson H. Jacoby.
District Attorney—John M. Clark.
Sheriff—
Surveyor—Isaac Dewitt.
Treasurer—Dr. H. W. McReynolds.
Commissioners—John Herlor, S. W. McHenry, Joseph Sands.
Commissioners' Clerk—William Krickbaum.
Auditors—M. V. B. Kline, J. B. Casey, E. B. Brown.
Coroner—Charles G. Murph.
Jury Commissioners—Jacob H. Fritz, William H. Utt.
Grant Superintendent—William H. Snyder.
Directors of Poor District—Jno. P. Ent, Scott, Wm. Kramer, Bloomsburg and Thomas Creveling, Esq., O. P. Ent, Secretary.

Bloomsburg Official Directory.

Bloomsburg Banking Company—John A. Funston, President; H. H. Ikeler, Cashier.
Directors—N. Ent Legal Bank—Charles R. Paxton, President; J. P. Austin, Cashier.
Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association—E. H. Little, President; C. W. Miller, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Building and Saving Fund Association—Wm. Peacock, President; J. B. Robison, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Mutual Saving Fund Association—J. J. Brower, President; C. G. Barkley, Secretary.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

BAPTIST CHURCH.
Rev. J. P. Tustin, (supply.)
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. The public are invited to attend.

ST. MATTHEW'S LUTHERAN CHURCH.
Minister—Rev. J. Seltzer.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. All are welcome.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Minister—Rev. Henry M. Smith.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. Strangers welcome.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.
Presiding Elder—Rev. N. S. Buckingham.
Minister—Rev. J. S. McMurray.
Sunday Services—10½ and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—2 p. m.
Bible Class—Every Monday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Young Men's Prayer Meeting—Every Tuesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
General Prayer Meeting—Every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

REFORMED CHURCH.
Corner of Third and Iron streets.
Pastor—Rev. G. D. Gurley.
Meal House—Central Hotel.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 7 p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Saturday, 7 p. m.
All are invited. There is always room.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.
Rector—
Sunday Services—10½ a. m., 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
First Sunday in the month, Holy Communion.
Services preparatory to Communion on Friday evening before the 1st Sunday in each month.
Pews rented; but everybody welcome.

EVANGELICAL CHURCH.
Presiding Elder—Rev. A. L. Reeser.
Minister—Rev. A. A. Hyde.
Sunday Service—3 p. m., in the Iron Street Church.
Prayer Meeting—Every Sabbath at 2 p. m.
All are invited. All are welcome.

THE CHURCH OF CHRIST.
Meets in "the little Brick Church on the hill,"—known as the Welsh Baptist Church—on Rock street south of Iron.
Regular meeting for worship, every Lord's day afternoon at 3½ o'clock.
Seats free; and the public are cordially invited to attend.

BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

SCHOOL ORDERS, blank, just printed and neatly bound in small books, on hand and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office. Feb 19, 1875-tf

BLANK DEEDS, on Parchment and Linen Paper, common and for Admin's rators, Executors and trustees, for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN Office.

MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES just printed and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office. Ministers of the Gospel and Justices should supply themselves with these necessary articles.

JUSTICES and Constables' Fee-Bills for sale at the COLUMBIAN office. They contain the corrected fees as established by the last Act of the Legislature upon the subject. Every Justice and Constable should have one.

VENDUE NOTES just printed and for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN office.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

E. M. KNORR, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, latest and best styles, corner Main and Market streets, in the old post office.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &C.

C. E. SAVAGE, Dealer in Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, Main st., just below the Central Hotel.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

M. R. IKELER, Attorney at Law. Rooms in Exchange Block, 2d floor, Bloomsburg, Pa. 6s

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law, Office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4 & 5. Oct. 15, '75.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office S. E. corner Rock and Market streets.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, Office and Residence on Third street, corner Jefferson.

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market.

J. R. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Hartman's building, Main street.

H. ROCHNSTOCK, Photographer, over Grotz & Wolf's store, Main street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor Main St., above Central Hotel.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Main street, between Second and Third.

WHEN YOU WANT A FIRST-CLASS SHAVE or anything in the TONSORIAL LINE go to
JAMES REILLY'S BARBER SHOP,
THE BEST IN TOWN,
Under Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Oct. 13, '76—1y

CATAWISSA.

WM. H. ABBOTT, Attorney-at-Law, Main street.

WM. L. EYERLY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Catawissa, Pa.
Collections promptly made and remitted. Office opposite Catawissa Deposit Bank. 6m-38

THE "MOODY SHIRT."
MADE TO ORDER ONLY.
A PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED.
Gentlemen desiring shirts will please drop us a line and our Agent will call and get the measurement.
Parlor, Corner Penn and Centre streets.
Address P. O. MOODY,
March 30, '76-1y Danville, Pa.

J. B. KNITTLE. W. H. ABBOTT

Important to Farmers.
and everybody in want of
LIME, LUMBER, AND COAL.
We have erected kilns at or near the Paper Mill on the D. H. & W. R. R. and are now prepared to sell lime at very reasonable prices and of good quality. Orders by the car promptly filled and shipped to any station on the above road.
A full line of LUMBER, of all kinds, dressed or in the rough, Shingles, Lath and Mill Timber to which we invite the attention of customers.
Orders received and filled for all kinds of FAMILY Coal, by strict attention to business we hope to merit a share of public patronage.
1 st, 1876.- KNITTLE & ABBOTT, Catawissa, Pa.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. A. L. TURNER,
Residence on Market Street one door below D. J. Waller's.
Office over Kletm's Drug Store. Office hours from 1 to 4 p. m. for treatment of diseases of the Eye, Ear and Throat.
All calls night or day promptly attended to.
Apr. 23'75-tf

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street,
Mar. 27, '74—y Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. B. F. GARDNER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office above J. Schuyler & Son's Hardware Store.
Apr. 23'75-tf

SAMUEL KNORR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office, Hartman's Block, corner Main and Market Streets Oct. 8, '75

E. E. ORVIS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
OFFICE—Room No. 1, "Columbian" Building.
Sept. 18, 1875.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1, Bloomsburg, Pa. July1,'75—y

C. P. & W. J. BUCKALEW,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office on Main Street, first door below Court House
Mar. 6, '74—y

R. F. & J. M. CLARK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office in Ent's Building. April 10,'74—y

A. CREVELING SMITH. HERVEY EWING SMITH.
A. CREVELING SMITH & SON,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞All business entrusted to our care will receive prompt attention. July1,'73—y

F. P. BILLMEYER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OFFICE—Adjoining C. R. & W. J. Buckalew.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Apr. 14,'76-1y.

E. H. LITTLE. ROB'T. R. LITTLE.
E. H. & R. R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞Business before the U. S. Patent Office attended to. Office in the Columbian Building. 1y—38

BROCKWAY & ELWELL,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Members of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America.
Agents for continental Life Insurance Company of New York. Assets nearly $7,000,000. The best in the country. Send for descriptive pamphlet. tf

WILLIAM BRYSON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Centralia, Pa.
Feb 18, '76-1y.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BROWN'S HOTEL, Bloomsburg, Pa., B. Stohner, Proprietor. Accommodations first-class. $1.25 to $1.50 per day. Restaurant attached. October 8, '75-tf

C. M. BROWN,
has removed his Boot and Shoe Store from Brown's Hotel to 1st door above Wagonseller and Sharpless', Towanda Boots a specialty. Repairing done at short notice.

C. M. DRINKER, GUN and LOCKSMITH.
Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. Organ House Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Oct 1, '75-1y

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
Opposite the Court House,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
The LARGEST and BEST in all respects in the country
W. R. KOONS,
Oct. 8, '75-1y Proprietor.

W. HOWELL,
DENTIST.
Office in Hartman's Block, second floor, corner Main and Market Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
May 26—1y.

E. J. THORNTON
would announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity that he has just received a full and complete assortment of

WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES,
FIXTURES, CORDS, TASSELS,

and all other goods in his line of business. All the newest and most approved patterns of the day are always to be found in his establishment, Main street, below Market. oct. 8,'75

DREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY, Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Capital.	
Etna, Ins. Co., of Hartford, Connecticut	6,500,000
Liverpool, London and Globe	20,000,000
Liverpool & London & Globe	13,000,000
Lycoming	10,000, 00
Fire Association, Philadelphia	2,500,000
Franklin of Philadelphia	1,000,000
Atlas of Hartford	5 0,000
Wyoming, of Wilkes Barre	231,000
Farmers Mutual of Danville	1,000,000
Danville Mutual	75,0 0
Home, New York	5,0 0,000
Commercial Union	17,000,000
	$178,956,000

March 26,'75—y

THE UNDERSIGNED, representing several of the most conservative and reliable American Fire Insurance Companies, would beg leave to offer his services to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity, requesting a reasonable share of the public patronage. W. J. POWELL.
Bloomsburg, July 18, 1873.
Office in Brower's Block. July 21-3m.*

Columbia County
BANK,
OF BLOOMSBURG, PENNA.
Formerly the Bank of Espy, removed April first, 1876. is conveniently located in the central part of the town, and does a general BANKING business.
Money received on deposit subject to check without notice. Special arrangements made with depositors, and interest allowed on time Deposits.
Issue Drafts on New York and Philadelphia.
Collections made on all important towns in the U. S., at lowest rates of exchange. Bonds and stocks bought and sold, and coupons collected. Every security given to depositors that can be offered by any Bank.
DISCOUNT DAYS:—Tuesday and Friday.
RATE, SIX PER CENT.
Aug. 10, '76-6m.

To the Working Class.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time, or for their spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50 cents to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business we make this unparalled offer: To such as are not well satisfied we will send one dollar to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, samples worth several dollars to commence work on, and a copy of Home and Fireside, one of the largest and best illustrated Publications, all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address George Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine. Sept. 8, '76.-3mo.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. March 26,'75-1y.

IMPORTANT TO ALL.

DR. SWAYNE,
The discoverer and compounder of the far-famed
Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry
and other valuable preparations, entered upon his professional career with the important advantage of a regular medical education in one of the oldest and best schools in Philadelphia, and, perhaps, in the world. He subsequently served a faithful term of practice in the Philadelphia Dispensary, and for many years attended in the Hospital. In these institutions he enjoyed the most ample opportunities of obtaining an insight into diseases in all their various forms, as well as for ascertaining the best methods of their treatment. In offering, therefore, to the people of the United States the fruits of his extensive professional experience in the medical compounds as the best results of his skill and observation, he feels that he is but proffering a boon to every family throughout the land, resting, as he does, confidently in the merits and efficacious virtue of the remedies he herewith commends. The vast amount of testimony from all parts of the world has proven "DOCTOR SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY" the most efficacious remedy known, and it is admitted by our most eminent physicians, and all who have witnessed its wonderful healing properties, The WILD CHERRY in all ages of the world and in all countries where it is known has been justly celebrated for its wonderful medicinal qualities, but its great power to cure some of the worst and most distressing diseases among us was never fully ascertained until the experiments of that skilfull physician, Dr. Swayne, had demonstrated its high adaptation, in combination with Pine Tree Tar, and other equally valuable vegetable ingredients, which chemically combined renders it action tenfold more certain and beneficial in curing all diseases of the throat, breast and lungs. DR. SWAYNE'S WILD CHERRY COMPOUND strikes at the root of disease by purifying the blood, restoring the liver and kidneys to healthy action, invigorating the nervous and shattered constitution. If your druggist or storekeeper does not have it, do not be put off by any other remedy that may be offered, but send to us direct, and we will forward a half dozen to an address, freight paid, on receipt of the price, $1 per bottle, or ½ the half dozen. Address letters to DR. SWAYNE & SON, 330 North Sixth street, Philadelphia. No charge will be made for advice.

Ask Your Druggist for Them.

Females and all who value health should never be without DR. SWAYNE'S TAR AND SARSAPARILLA PILLS, as they purify the blood, remove all obstructions, cleanse the skin of all pimples and blotches, and bring the rich color of health to the pale cheek. Female irregularities are restored to a healthy condition. They are a certain cure for Sick and Nervous Headache. As a Dinner Pill, nothing can exceed them: take one, two, or three, as may be found necessary; unlike others, they neither gripe, produce nausea, or any other unpleasant sensation, while they are as powerful as it is possible for a medicine to be and be harmless. These Pills cleanse out the disordered humors, enrich and purify the blood, remove all unhealthy bilious secretions of the stomach and bowels, causing a perfectly healthy state of the liver, and are undoubtedly the best cathartic and antibilious medicine yet discovered; and we are determined that the sick shall have them at a price within the means of the poorest (25 cents a box of 30 Pills.) If your druggist or storekeeper has not got them, do not be put off by any others that may be offered in their place, but send to us direct, and we will forward by mail, on receipt of the price, 25 cents a box or five boxes $1.

SKIN DISEASES.
Swayne's Ointment,
Is particularly adapted to all forms of skin diseases. Cures even when all other remedies and treatment fail.

Cures Tetter,	Scald Head,
Salt Rheum,	Ringworm,
Barber's Itch,	Pimples, Sores,
Prairie Itch,	Army Itch,
Sore Heads,	Blotches, Scurvy,
Humors, Piles,	Chronic Erysipelas of the
All Eruptions,	face.

SWAYNE'S OINTMENT
Seems to cure every case, leaving the skin smooth and clear without a blemish behind.

Itching Piles
is generally preceded by a moisture, like perspiration, distressing itching, as though pin worms were crawling in or about the rectum, particularly at night when undressing, or in bed after getting warm. It appears in summer as well as winter, oftentimes shows itself around the private parts, and is not confined to males only, but is quite as frequent that females are sore sufferers, particularly in times of pregnancy, extending into the vagina, proving distressing almost beyond the powers of endurance. Cases of long standing, pronounced incurable, have been permanently cured by simply applying
SWAYNE'S OINTMENT.

EXTRACTS FROM LETTERS.

Dr. Swayne & Son:—Gentlemen—The box of Ointment you sent me by mail cured me entirely of Itching Piles, which I suffered with for five years. Enclosed find fifty cents for another box for a friend of mine. ANDREW J. BEACH.
Farmwell Station, London Co., Va.

Rev. Isaac Holland, Webster, Taylor county W. Va. writes:
November 20, 1875—I have been a sufferer from Itching Piles. I procured a box of your ointment last spring which gave me instant relief, and feel confident it will effect a permanent cure. Enclosed find fifty cents, for which please send me another box by mail.

An Eruption of 8 Years Standing.
I was troubled with an eruption of eight years itching, intolerable at times; tried many preparations without finding relief. Through the use of Swayne's All-Healing Ointment I am entirely cured. JOSEPH LAMBERT.
At Hartsman & Bros., 8th and Cherry, Phila.

I was entirely cured of Tetter
in its worst form by Dr. Swayne's All-Healing Ointment, and shall be happy to explain my case to all who may call upon me. JAMES MCKINLEY, West End Hotel, 22d Street, below Lombard, Philadelphia.
Sent by mail to any address on receipt of price, 50 cents a box.
Describe symptoms in all communications, and address letters to DR. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia. No charge for advice.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers of
SWAYNE'S PANACEA,
celebrated all over the world for its remarkable cures of Scrofula, Mercurial and Syphilitic complaints, and in cases where Syphilitic Virus of the parent causes development of Syphilis or Scrofula in the child nothing has ever proved so effectual in completely eradicating every vestige of these dangerous complaints and all diseases arising from impurity of the blood.
Be particular to obtain the genuine, as prepared by DR. SWAYNE & SON, 25-F. 6th St., Philadelphia, see that the name is spelled correctly, SWAYNE, as there are preparations of somewhat similar name in the market.

IS YOUR HAIR FALLING OUT
OR TURNING GRAY?
IF SO DO NOT FAIL TO USE

The most	London Hair Color restorer
Reliable Hair	London Hair Color Restorer
Restorative ever	London Hair Co or Restorer
Introduced to the	London Hair Color Restorer
American	London Hair Color Restorer
People	London Hair Color Restorer
For Restoring	London Hair Color Restorer
Gray Hair and	London Hair Color Restorer
Preventing	London Hair Color Restorer
Baldness.	London Hair Color Restorer
The great	London Hair Color Restorer
Luxury of	London Hair Color Reporter
the Dress-	London Hair Color Restorer
Room.	London Hair Color Restorer

1. It will restore gray hair to its original color.
2. It will make the hair grow on bald heads.
3. It will restore the natural secretions.
4. It will remove all dandruff and itching.
5. It will make the hair soft, glossy and flexible
6. It will preserve the original color to old age.
7. It will prevent the hair from falling off.
8. It will cure all diseases of the scalp.

75 Cents per Bottle.
6 bottles $4. Sent by express to any address on receipt of price.
Address orders to DR. SWAYNE & SON, 330 North Sixth Street, Phila., Pa., sole proprietors.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Aug 13,'76—1y.

Poetical.

LIFE'S MEASURE.

BY H. H. BROWNE.

"He liveth long who liveth well,"
So ran the legend terse and bold;
To keep this truth in mind were wed,
For truth is better kept than gold.

The one will perish in an hour:
One never dies; but, bright and pure
As Heaven itself, when earthly power
Has passed, forever shall endure.

Not by the years of life is told
The length of life, but by the zeal
And kindly works, as, growing old,
Men for each other do and feel.

His life is long whose work is well,
And, be his station low or high,
He who the most good works can tell
Lives longest, though he soonest die.

Then, as the swift-winged moments speed
Freight them with wealth of truth and love,
With garnered sheaves of thought and deed
For the glad harvest-home above.

Within the rankling breast of Hate,
In desert wastes where no flowers bloom,
In scenes where Folly sits in state,
In wan-faced Sorrow's house of gloom,

Sow love and taste its fruitage sweet,
Sow smiles and see the dearest sprig,
Sow wisdom for its harvest meet,
Sow sunlight for the joy 'twill bring.

GRANT'S THREE SPEECHES.

"Let us have peace," said President Grant,
As he seated himself in the chair of state:
But all his words have been words of cant,
But all of his words have been acts of hate.

"Let no guilty man escape," said President Grant,
When justice was hunting the government thieves,
But his terrible threat was ridiculous rant,
And he quickly repented by granting reprieves.

"The count must be honest," says President Grant,
"For fraud in elections, we know, never pays;"
"A fair and just count" is what we all want.
And Kellogg can do it—and elect Mr. Hayes."

Miscellaneous.

THE TABLES TURNED.

BY MRS. J. E. M'CONAUGHY.

It was just in the busiest season of the year, the middle of the wheat harvest, when Caleb Fletcher's wife gave out.

It was very aggravating to her husband, who was not used to such things, and who expected his wife "to do her part," he said, "as he did his."

"Her part" meant the work of three able-bodied women; and she at best but a small, meek, weakly woman, with no strength of soul to assert a right, or resist a tyrannical edict.

There she lay, with her toil-worn hands lying idly on the blue coverlet, a boy of ten, who was grudgingly spared from the fields, her only help or nurse. He was the last of five; and because he had more of his father's grit and grain, had made a sturdier fight for life than the little girls, and had won the day.

John knew nothing of sickness, and because his mother did not call him or ask for anything, he concluded she did not wish for anything. So he enjoyed a rare holiday, whittling away under a maple tree in the dooryard, while the mother dozed away the hours, starting now and then, and murmuring a few words in her delirium.

Before John had imagined it could be so late, there was a shuffling of feet in the back stoop, and it was clear the folks had come in for dinner.

Caleb stared at the fireless cookstove, and tramped in to see what it could mean. John, half-scared, and knowing that in some way he would be blamed, slunk away out by the well.

"Isn't your mother about yet?" asked Fletcher, crossly. "Here are all these men ready for their dinner. I should like to know what I left you at home for if it wasn't to help her get the dinner. Tell her we've got to have something set on, right off, too," and he went out in a huff, to feed his horses.

"Dead or alive," muttered one of the men to another, "I'd rather be that man's horse than his wife. He's savin' of his horse flesh. That costs money."

Caleb lingered at the barn longer than he needed, nursing his ugly temper, and expecting every minute a summons to the house. It came at last, but not in the way he expected.

"Mother won't say nothing," said John, with a frightened look on his face, walking up to the barn. "I shook her arm and told her to get dinner, but she looked so queer at me, as if she didn't know what I was saying.

"Don't make a goose of yourself, John," said the father, sharply. "I'll explain matters to her myself," he added, with a grim smile, as he passed into the house.

The angry words died on his lips, however, when he caught sight of the flushed face, with its disordered hair, on the white pillow and met the gleam of the burning eye, which rested full upon him, as it dared not do for years. It did not flinch now at his gaze The poor drudge was past being goaded on by the sting of sharp words. With utter indifference he might come or go as he chose. The well-kept home might fall into confusion from neglect; the flies might buzz in unheeded into the neat pantries and best rooms. These things were nothing to her now.

"John, run for the doctor," was Caleb's first order. "William," said he to a nephew at work for him. "You learned to cook some in the army. Can't you scratch around and hunt up something for the men's dinner? Cut up a ham and fry some eggs, any way; you will find the things somewhere. Your aunt is took very bad, and I am going for Phebe Stone. If I can get her we'll make out. Cut the ham as savin' as you can, Billy," he added in a low tone. And then he walked away at a round pace.

"Glad to see the old man step off so lively," said one of the men. "I think better of him than I did."

"It's inconvenient, losing a wife in harvest time," suggested another.

Miss Phebe, a sallow, bony woman, who looked much like a bundle of dried herbs and who was as spicy as a bunch of peppermint, came in with all haste—and none too soon, she found. For in three days the weary hands and tired feet had laid down the burden of life forever.

"What a wasted frame," said Phebe tenderly, as she laid the cold hands together when preparing the last rites for the poor, worn body.

"If ever anybody comes back," said the superstitious neighbor who was assisting her, "it will be Mrs. Fletcher. I should think Caleb would be scared to stay in this house after the way he's treated her these fifteen years."

So they laid her away in her peaceful grave, with only kindly, loving thoughts for her, and but little of pity or sympathy for the tyrant who had made her life so hard and bitter.

The yellow grain-fields ripen and waste in the sun all the same, though hands grow weary and still, and feet fall out by the way. Caleb was not the man to sit down and idly grieve, and especially let his crops spoil. The day after the funeral he was stirring about as if to make up for lost time.

"You may be thankful you have got Philena Wright to keep house for you," suggested Phebe Stone as she finished putting away Mrs. Fletcher's things. "She is the only help to be had for love or money in this town and if you don't mind your P's and Q's you won't have her long. Such a capable person you don't find every day, if she is a little sot in her way. Remember what I tell you, Caleb, and don't go to picking no fusses with Miss Philena."

Caleb had never had any experience with hired help, but he knew very well what it was to be master in his own house; and he inwardly smiled at Miss Phebe's well-meant caution. He had no idea of abdicating in favor of such a marvel of a woman as that ancient maiden, Philena Wright, let her be as "capable" as she would. He would like to see the woman who was capable of managing him.

"You'll never get on there, Phila," said a friend, as Miss Wright tied on her sun-bonnet preparatory to setting out, "Caleb is such a difficult man. You won't stand it three days."

"I am going to stay a spell, any way." said Philena, with a curious twinkle in her gray eye, as if she had her mind made up on some project. "I'd stay a month out, if only to teach Caleb Fletcher a lesson. He's needed it these dozen years."

There was decision in the very tramp of her small, calf-skin shoes, and in the set of her chin and mouth.

She took hold of the house-work with energy, and soon had things "squared away" to her mind. The men came in to a bountiful, well-cooked dinner, and were in excellent spirits. A little too bountiful, Caleb thought it; and he threw out a hint to that effect.

"When you have biled pork, Philena," he said, "you needn't cook no other meat for dinner; and too many kinds of garden sass ain't healthy to onct."

"Just tend to your mowing, Caleb Fletcher," said Philena, decidedly, "and I'll tend to the house-work."

Caleb had no time to discuss matters; but he was a trifle "set back" by her "snappy way" of speaking. "Just like all old maids I suppose," he said to himself, as he went off to his work.

"You will have to go or send to town to-night, Mr. Fletcher," said Philena, after tea. "We are out of sugar, coffee and flour. You may bring home a new broom, also. I have set them all down on this slip of paper, so you would be sure to remember."

Caleb looked almost astounded. Four things wanted from the store at one time! What unheard-of extravagance! Oh, what strategy the poor departed wife had been obliged to use, all her married days, to get even the commonest' supplies for household use! How meekly she had made known her wants!

And she had always been prepared for a storm, when anything was wanted. She looked for it naturally. Sabina became inured to it. Still it wasn't pleasant to hear for ever the same old din.

"What! that sack of flour gone already?" Caleb would exclaim. "I should think you must feed it to the hogs, to use it up so fast. I tell you what it is, Sabina, there is a power of victuals wasted in this house somehow. I don't say how, mind you, but I say it is so," and he would bring his fist down on the table in a way that would make things ring.

He began the same tune with Philena, about the sugar and coffee. He had got so in the way of grumbling at these wants, perhaps he did not know there was any other way to do.

Philena gave him one glance of withering scorn, and then remarked dryly, "That nonsense is all done with. Either get the things or go without the food," and she whisked off into the milk-room and shut the door with energy.

"Old man's got his come-up-ance," said one workman to another, as they sat on the steps of the back stoop. "I, for one, am glad of it."

As for Caleb he walked out and harnessed up Old Gray in a very meditative mood. No wonder he sighed for the good old days when he could slam things around as much as he liked, and grumble and harrass to his heart's content. There was no question but what Caleb did miss his wife.

The experience of the next two weeks proved a Valley of Humiliation to Caleb Fletcher. It might be hard, but it was salutary. "All the advantage any one can get of that man is so much gain to humanity," was the general sentiment of the community, though this was not said, perhaps, in so many words. So he had little sympathy in the snubbing Miss Philena felt called to administer from time to time. She was not a scolding woman, but she was "awfully set in her way." She had a crisp, decisive style of stating things that "told;" and Caleb learned slowly that it was useless to say her nay. He would gladly have turned her off; but what could he do? Hired help was not so plenty that he could afford to discharge Philena.

So the days ground on slowly. Caleb inwardly chafed and fumed at the "pretty pass things had come to, when a man could not be master in his own house." But he was forced to "keep a civil tongue in his head," for even Philena had been on the point of leaving several times, and only prompt coming down on his part had averted the catastrophe.

There was one way, however, in which he could circumvent her, and he laughed in his sleeve as he thought of it. If he had another wife, how triumphantly he could snap his fingers at her, and shake off her iron rule!

He cast his eyes about, but fruitlessly, for several months. He made himself the general laughing stock of the place by his marked attentions to one and another; for somehow nobody seemed to encourage the poor man.

But, by-and-by, there came into town, on a visit, a buxom widow. She was rather dashily dressed, and took pains to be wonderfully gracious to Caleb. Her purse was very light and her home with a relative not very pleasant, so she concluded that the substantial farm-house of Caleb Fletcher would be a decided improvement on her present condition. Alas, poor Caleb! He had need to listen to Mr. Weller's advice to his "son Samivel," to "beware of the vidders." He took the gorgeous bait thrown out to him, and, in an intoxication of folly, proposed and was accepted.

Very well satisfied, Philena folded her pocket-book with over sixty dollars of well earned money, and resigned her place with a smile to the charming Mrs. Fletcher the second.

Poor Caleb! He had jumped out of the frying pan into the fire. If the tables had been turned in the reign of Miss Philena, they were doubly turned now. It is said that tyrants are at heart the most cowardly of men. It would seem so from the manner in which Mrs. Fletcher the second managed to get her husband in hand. She had the talent to command a regiment. No wonder she succeeded in bringing into line one "high private."

Neighbors sometimes wondered if it would not have gratified the carnal nature of the meek Sabina to have seen the poetic justice meted out to Caleb. It certainly was very gratifying to them.

But the new Mrs. Fletcher had her good points, too. She was a kind mother to little John. These two formed an alliance, offensive and defensive, against the old man; a bad thing in a family, as a general rule, but extreme cases sometimes call for extreme measures.

There were stormy words sometimes between man and wife, and Caleb's mulish temper fought hard for the mastery. But even in cases of seeming defeat his wife could make him "tired of gaining the victory long before she was tired of losing it."

So the world over, "the measure we mete" is very likely to be "measured to us again."

Diptheria.

The San Francisco *Call* reports a leading physician of that city as saying:

"There is no doubt that diptheria is more prevalent than usual, but I could scarcely call it epidemic. It has so happened that there have been a good many cases lately in my practice; but then I know several physicians who have scarcely had a single case, although their practice is fully equal to mine, which proves that the disease is not so general as some people appear to think. Diptheria is as much a zymotic disease as is smallpox or scarlet fever. It is a poisonous condition of the blood, and the swollen glands, sore throat, etc., are simple local evidences of its existence. It is, without doubt, extremely infectious, being propagated by contact with the clothing, and more especially by bodily contact, such as kissing. Among the first evidences are soreness of the throat, often very slight; swelling of the lymphathic glands—that is, those in the neck below the jaw—fever and loss of appetite, an offensive breath, and a gangrenous false membrane of a grayish or dirty white, which at first appears in patches on the tonsils, and then spreads to the palate, etc. If there is any reason to believe that a person is infected with the disease, some one should insert the handle of a spoon into the patient's mouth, examine the throat carefully, and should any one of these whitish spots be found, send for a doctor at once. This disease is very rapid in its growth, and cannot be too quickly attended to. One of its forms is almost always fatal—croupal diptheria—that is where it is accompanied by a hoarse, croupy cough. I would in some respects prefer having small-pox in my family to diptheria, for there are more safeguards against contagion in the former. At the worst one can be vaccinated and take the disease only in a mild form. When there is a case of diptheria in the family the greatest care must be taken to guard against contamination. The patient's clothes must be washed in boiling water, and be used by no other person. There should be no good-night or morning kisses given, for they, of all things, extend the disease. The childen should be kept in the open air and sun as much as possible. The windows should be kept open that the rooms may be thoroughly ventilated, for fresh air is the greatest counteractant. Above all things there should be no stinted diet, but any amount of wholesome, strengthening food, for in the weak system and disordered stomach lie the main roots of the disease. With good medical advice promptly called, and with proper attention to exercise, air, food, and non-contact with the sick person, there is every reason to hope that the disease will not spread in a family. As a rule, children only are victims, for it is rare to find the case of a grown person who does not recover from its effects."

A Massachusetts fishing schooner was obliged to return to port the other week on account of a singular misfortune. The vessel was at anchor, and it seems that by some means a whale got the end of the cable nearest the anchor twisted around his tail, and in his efforts to free himself became securely entangled. The crew had no intimation of the trouble till the vessel was suddenly towed through the water at the rate of ten or fifteen miles an hour for several miles. The whale lifted himself entirely out of the water several times, and at length broke the cable and freed himself. About 140 fathoms of cable were lost. Had the monster had the use of his tail he would probably have done serious damage to the vessel. Old fishermen, who have frequented the banks all their lives, say they never heard of such an occurrence.

The derivation of many words in common use is exceedingly curious and interesting. Probably few people have any idea whence comes the word "tramway," by which the English people denote a horse-car track. It is derived from the second syllable of the name Outram. The ancestor of Sir James Outram, a very distinguished General who died a few years ago, took a leading part in horse railroads for drawing coal, etc., and his roads

The Columbian.

BROCKWAY & ELWELL, Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, Dec. 15, 1876.

THE ELECTORAL COLLEGE.

The electoral votes cast in the several states on Wednesday foot up 205 for Samuel J. Tilden. The electors of Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, Indiana, Kentucky, Missouri, Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Arkansas, Louisiana and Texas, and one elector of each of the states of Vermont and Oregon, casting 205 votes, voted for Samuel J. Tilden.

In both Vermont and Oregon, one Republican elector was ineligible by reason of holding the office of postmaster. The Constitution of the United States expressly declares that no person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States shall be appointed an elector. There seems to be a difference of opinion as to whether a vacancy exists under such circumstances, which can be filled. Gov. Grover of Oregon, holds that there is no vacancy and gives the grounds of his action in refusing the certificate of election to the Republican post-master and giving it to the Democratic elector having the highest number of votes. After reciting the facts of the case he says:

It was ruled, in the case, that where the objection to an applicant's right to receive a certificate rests upon the ground that a constitutional prohibition is interposed, the Governor, acting under oath to support the constitution, is bound to entertain and determine the question; not only that, but is to determine in such a way as to enforce the constitutional mandate to the extent of his executive power. It was also held that the law and the fact being well known, the votes cast for the ineligible candidate cannot be counted for any other purpose and the eligible candidate having the next highest number of votes was duly elected. This ruling was based upon standard authorities, such as Cushing and Grant; the decisions of many courts, like the Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals of New York; the latter uniform practice in the United States House of Representatives, and the great weight of English authorities, both parliamentary and judicial.

The law of Oregon providing for filling vacancies in the Electoral Colleges recognizes a vacancy only in cases where there has been an incumbent and such incumbent has died, refused to act, neglected to attend or is otherwise absent. In this case there was no incumbent, unless the next highest candidate should take the position, and there was no vacancy which could be filled by the other members of the Electoral College. The next highest candidate eligible under the constitution of the United States was therefore, certified to be duly elected.

This action on the part of Governor Grover, places the Republicans in an absurd position. They and their organs have been contending that Congress has no right to throw out the votes of States where certificates of election have been given by the proper authority. If this rule is observed then the one Democratic elector from Oregon having the Goverxor's certificate is a legal elector and his vote elects Tilden. If, on the contrary, the Republicans recede from their own rule and throw out the Oregon elector, the door is open and the votes of Louisiana, South Carolina and Florida will go out too and Tilden will be elected. What is good law for the Southern States mentioned ought to be goo law for Oregon. It's a bad lookout for the Republicans and the beauty of the situation lies in the fact that the Republicans have gotten themselves into it. The organs, however, with unblushing effrontery are now engaged in a series of highly moral protestations against fraud and chicanery. If there is anything on earth that can make the average Republican organ grinder ashamed of himself—it hasn't been discovered.

GRANT'S STUMP SPEECH.

The President, on Sunday, had a long conversation with a representative of the Associated Press in which he aired his views of political affairs at much length. Grant's opinions are those of the carpet-baggers and he talks the usual stuff about Hayes having carried all the loyal states but four, while Tilden carried all but three of those lately in rebellion. The three he thinks Tilden didn't carry are Florida, South Carolina and Louisiana—all of which he did carry. Wretched twaddle of course but it is the best that can be expected from such a source. The President advised the Democrats not to impeach him "for it might bring out evidence which they would not like to see spread upon the records." This little threat to the House will not intimidate them much we fancy. He states that he never intended General Ruger to place troops in the State House in South Carolina, but that Ruger so understood the order. Those may believe this who will. We don't believe a word of it. Ruger got his orders straight enough and acted on them.

Grant said that there were six or eight hundred troops in Washington, and if there should be any necessity for more he would order them there. "We should have peace if we had to fight for it." He made allusion to letters received by him threatening assassination. Altogether the conversation was a very silly and partisan one, and utterly unworthy of a man holding the high office of Chief Magistrate of the Nation. His recent Message and this harangue are about on a par.

United States Senator F. J. Robertson, of South Carolina has refused to become a candidate for re-election before the general assembly composed of the Senate and illegal Republican House. Mr. Robertson, who is a Republican, writes a vigorous and manly letter on the subject in which he says that as "it has been decided by our court of last resort that the body claiming to participate in that election as the house of representatives is not a constitutional and a legal body, and that it can perform no act that can be recognized by the courts" he is "constrained to withhold his name as a candidate before it." Here's another nut for the Republicans to crack.

The Florida Returning Board have finished thir little job of counting in the Republican State officers by majorities ranging from 458 to 304. Two Republican Congressmen were also counted in, and will doubtless take their seats in Congress—after they get them. The Board labor under the slight difficulty of being in contempt of Court, Judge White of the U. S. Circuit Court having issued an order restraining them, but that they will have to settle themselves. Perhaps they will.

Nobody hears it called "the solid South" now. Returning boards have cracked if they have not broken it.

SOUTH CAROLINA'S SHAME.

Chamberlain, the Republican defeated candidate for Governor took the oath of office before a Probate Judge on Thursday of last week. This was illegal, as the law requires the oath to be administered by one of the Justices of the Supreme Court. It was pretended that a bill had just been passed repealing this law, but it really only passed the House and not the Senate and is consequently of no weight. Chamberlain made a speech accepting the office, which is not worth printing in full. He said among other things that "he had mourned over previous public abuses He had labored for honesty; but he stood appalled at the recent crimes against freedom and good government recently witnessed here." If he meant by this the action of the Returning board and the bogus Legislature, he might well have been "appalled"—but he didn't mean any such plain fact. He intended to stigmatize as "crimes," the efforts of the decent citizens of the State to secure an honest government and kick rascals out.

He denounced the conduct of the Democratic campaign as a brutal outrage, depending on fraud, proscription, intimidation and murder. Hampton had said he not only held the peace of the State, but his, (Chamberlain's) life in his hand. This he did not dobut. His life could be easily taken, but nothing could abate his hatred and opposition to the enslavement of the people of South Carolina. All other considerations must yield to duty, to resist the final success of that outrage attempted by the Democrats.

This called from Governor Hampton the following sharp card:

The following paragraph appears in an address of D. H. Chamberlain delivered in the capitol to-day: "The gentleman who was my opponent for this office in the late election has recently declared, as I am credibly informed, that he holds not only the peace of this city and State, but my life in his hand. I do not doubt the truth of this statement. Neither the public peace nor the life of any man who now opposes the consummation of this policy of fraud and violence is safe from the assaults of those who have enforced that policy."

I pronounce this statement infamously false. I, by my unwearied exertions, have endeavored to preserve the peace of this State, and I have thus contributed to shield from popular indignation one who has proved himself a disgrace to his rank and a traitor to his trust. His conscience may make him tremble, but neither I nor the men with whom I act countenance the hand of the assassin.

[Signed], WADE HAMPTON.

Those who have followed the course of events during the troubles in the State, know how true are the statements contained in this card.

The *Nation*, "with the utmost respect," makes this appeal to Governor Hayes: "You are an honest man, in whose life not even the fierce light of a Presidential campaign has revealed a speck of reproach. From a tribunal, therefore, like the Louisiana Returning Board, composed exclusively of your friends and partizans, whose judicial integrity and capacity have been already successfully impeached; which refuses to obey the direction of the law and give the opposite party even one place on its bench; which deliberates in secret, and gives no reasons for its decisions; which sees glaring frauds exposed in its presence without manifesting either surprise or displeasure, and which notoriously enjoys not one iota of confidence in any part of the Union—from such a tribunal you would not accept the award of even $100 against the claim of the humblest man in America, would you? We know you would not. Are you now prepared to accept at its hands an office which equals any crown in dignity and surpasses most crowns in power and responsibility, which no man has hitherto held with a stain of suspicion resting on his title? Can you encounter the terrible ordeal of holding such a position for four years in the face of the belief of full half the voters that you have obtained it through judicial fraud and chicane? Would not your so holding it be a new and great misfortune to the country, and a source of unending shame and repentance to yourself? Should you allow eager and unscrupulous politicians to override your own nobler judgment and thrust it upon you? Finally do you suppose that in an office so won, and needing so much popular respect, if not popular support, to give it either dignity or authority, you could exert any appreciable influence in behalf of any of the causes which you and all good men have at heart?

Passages from a New Farce Now in Course of Rehearsal.

Secretary of the Interior—Mr. President, news comes by telegraph that Jones' note to Smith, payable at the Bank of Commerce in New York has been protested.

The President—Cameron, order the troops to the bank and await further orders.

Secretary—Smith claims that the amount of the note is not $42.80, but $42.90.

President—Cameron, direct the first corporal to change the 8 to a 9.

Secretary—But, Mr. President, Jones denies that he has made such a note and says that it must be another Jones.

President—Cameron, order Gen. McDowell to arrest Smith and place him in Fort Lafayette.

Secretary—The bank asserts and Smith insists that the note is payable in gold and that it is so stated in the body of the note.

President—This is most intolerable and not to be endured. Cameron, order Crook in from the West. Let him send all his cavalry and eight batteries at once to New York. What are we coming to? Has there been any blood shed?

Secretary—No overt act has been committed, but it is said that one of the directors of the bank has a game bag hanging in his hall in the country.

President—Flat burglary! Cameron, order the cadets to be sent to New York. Where's Robeson. (Robeson enters with a small pocket-flask.) Mr. Secretary, let all the war vessels at Brooklyn, if their machinery will enable them to move so far, be placed in a ranking position at the foot of Cedar street in both the North and East rivers.

Robeson—It shall be done. [Exit]

President [aside]—If Ruger could only be spared from Columbia we should be free from anxiety.

Secretary of the Interior—Mr. President, Dennis offers his services in this crisis.

President—Does Jones require that the president of the bank shall be deposed?

Secretary—He does not insist upon it.

President—Let Fish draw up a proclamation appointing Dennis president of the bank! Give him control over the army and navy. It is fortunate that the republic has such citizens to call upon.

Enter Attorney General—Mr. President, Jones has got possession of the note and lighted his cigar with it.

President—Let the orders all be revoked. Every body has mistaken my directions. We shall see what all this means. Tell Cameron and Robeson to order court-martials instantly on General McDowell and the commander of the Brooklyn navy yard. Talk about the limitation of the constitution! I know what I am talking about every time!

Exeunt omnes, the orchestra striking up "Hail to the chief."

THE DEMOCRATIC CHAIRMAN EXPLODES SOME OF GRANT'S LIES.

FULL ACCOUNT OF THE RECENT INTERVIEWS WITH THE PRESIDENT.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—The following is furnished by Hon. Abram S. Hewitt, addressed to the Washington agent of the associated press: In yesterday's papers I find a dispatch from you regarding a conversation with President Grant in reference to the unfortunate state of affairs in South Carolina and my interviews with him in reference thereto. So far as South Carolina was concerned the President enjoined no confidence, but expressly stated that I was at liberty to communicate his views to the public. He did enjoin confidence in regard to what he said of Louisiana affairs, and that confidence I have respected, although, as I have already stated to him, I believed the publication of the statement would do much to tranquilize the public mind. In regard to South Carolina the President stated that, in his judgment not less than sixty-three members, having certificates from the secretary of state, were eligible to organize the house and transact business. As this view accorded with my own, and as no confidence was enjoined, I telegraphed it in the following language:

"*A. C. Haskell, Chairman. Charleston, S. C.:* I am able to say that neither house will be recognized by the President until it gets sixty-three members holding certificates from the returning board.

(Signed) ABRAM S. HEWITT."

My object in sending this dispatch was that I thought it would tend to allay excitement in South Carolina and prevent a collision between the people and the troops, of which we were very apprehensive. On the 5th of December I received a reply, which induced me to send the following telegrams to the President:

"*To the President:* I have received a reliable telegram from Columbia stating that the sixty-third member holding a certificate from the secretary of state has been sworn into the house presided over by Speaker Wallace, which is therefore organized in accordance with the requirements of the law, as stated by you."

"*To the President:* I have just received a late dispatch saying that the Supreme Court of South Carolina has pronounced its judgment and declared the house presided over by W. N. Wallace to be the legally constituted house of representatives, and that Mackey is a private person, not speaker or in any respect an officer of the legislative body."

On the evening of the same day, Senator Randolph suggested that he and I should call upon the President and ask him whether under the circumstances he could not see his way clear to order the withdrawal of the United States troops from Columbia and recognize the house of representatives so constituted with sixty-three members. The President granted us an interview, which began by my saying that I had sent him two telegrams from the house in reference to South Carolina affairs. The President at once replied that he had received them and that very late on the preceding evening he had received a telegram from Columbia saying that I had informed parties there that the President would recognize as the legal house that body which should have 63 members with certificates from the secretary of state. The President said that he had replied that he did not believe I had said he had done so and that at any rate it was not true.

I replied that I had not sent any telegram to that effect, but had sent one as nearly as I could recollect as follows: "I am able to say that the President will not recognize any house that does not contain sixty three members with original certificates from the returning board."

The President replied: "That is correct, I did say so. That was my private opinion but I did not say that I would recognize a house that had 63 members."

I replied: "That is true, but I think it is implied, and we have come to ask you to do so."

The President replied that as at present advised he must decline to recognize the house containing sixty-three members, and he did not know that he would recognize the other house; that Chamberlain was governor until some one was regularly inaugurated in his place, and that he would sustain him. The President did not say that I had violated his confidence in any particular but he said it would have been a violation of his confidence if I had sent the telegram reported to him from Columbia, the sending of which I again denied. I then reminded the President that he had the means of testing the accuracy of my recollection of his statements, because immediately after the interview on Sunday I dictated the substance of the conversation and furnished him with a copy and requested him to return to me with any correction he might choose to make, to be published, if he would consent; one to be retained for his future inspection in case after the 4th of March next his intentions should be called in question. He had not returned me the copy so furnished nor made any corrections therein to my knowledge

The President said nothing to me in regard to my using any of his statements for purposes of defeating the party which he (the President) represented. I have never regarded the President of the United States as representing any party, and I shall regret to see the President take any other position than that of the honored head of the people of the United States without regard to party.

(Signed) ABRAM S. HEWITT.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 12, 1876

A correspondent of the Philadelphia *Times* is much puzzled over the system of arithmetic adopted by Grant, Cameron and Chandler in footing up the electoral vote, and still can't exactly get the hang of it. As he understands it, the table of electoral votes must be made up as follows by the Grant mathematicians:

FOR HAYES.		FOR TILDEN.	
Electoral votes	166	Electoral votes	185
Added States	99	Added States	19
	185		184
Hayes's majority 1			

There is a new sect in Russia called the Puirifers, belonging to the Greek Church. Their leading doctrines are said to be that all must marry on becoming of age, but that the husband must be subordinate to the wife, and recognize her as the head of the family. Also, that once a week he must confess his sins to his wife.

If the husbands don't lie, every Saturday night when they balance the accounts for the week, and if the wives are anything like the style of women that wives are in this country, the Purifiers will possess some of the liveliest little family circles ever known since Adam.

The N. Y. *Tribune* commenting on the way in which the bogus South Carolina Legislature puts in members to supply the places of those who desert to the legal house says:

"It may be a misapprehension, but it looks as if any stranger wandering into Columbia, S. C., at this time would be in danger of being seized and seated as a member of the Republican Legislature.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate, on Wednesday of last week, the resolution offered by Mr. Withers of Virginia, requesting the President to inform the Senate why U. S. troops occupied the city of Petersburg on election day was adopted. A message was received from the President, enclosing a letter from Senator Sherman and other Republicans who were at New Orleans during the canvassing of the Louisiana vote. Ordered to be printed.

In the House the same message was received and laid on the table, Mr. Wood of New York expressing surprise that the President should have sent such a message and stating that his first impulse was to move that it be sent back.

In the Senate on Thursday a communication was presented from Carl Schurz and J. B. Henderson, asking the adoption of a Constitutional amendment conferring upon the Supreme Court of the United States the duty of counting the Electoral vote and declaring the result. It was laid upon the table.

Mr. Mitchell, of Oregon, submitted a resolution, which was ordered to be printed and lii on the table, directing the Committee on Privileges and Elections to inquire into the facts connected with the issuance of certificates to the Cronin Electoral College in that State. A Bill was introduced by Mr. Howe, of Wisconsin, to restrain unauthorized persons from assuming to act as Electors.

In the House Mr. McCrary, of Iowa, offered a resolution for the appointment of a committee of five, to act with a similar committee of the Senate, in preparing a measure for the better regulation of the counting of Electoral votes, the committee to have leave to report at any time. It was referred to the Judiciary Committee, with leave to report.

In the Senate on Friday Mr. Mitchell's resolution directing the Committee on Privileges and Elections to investigate the facts connected with Cronin's appointment as an Elector by the Governor of Oregon, was referred to that committee. Mr Logan's bill introduced last session, to provide for the issue of silver coin and to make the silver dollar a legal tender was referred to the committee on Finance.

Mr. Edmunds moved to take up the joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution providing for the counting of the Electoral votes by the Supreme Court. Objection was made by Mr. Merrimon, under the order of business established by the Twenty-first joint rule. The objection was overruled by the Chair on the ground that the joint rules were not in force. Mr. Merrimon appealed from the decision of the Chair. After considerable discussion of the legal points involved, the decision of the Chair was sustained—yeas 50, nays 4. Eleven Democrats voted with the Republicans in the affirmative.

In the House, Mr. Piper of California, introduced a bill establishing the Territory of the Black Hills. Mr. Wood called up the resolution requesting the President to transmit copies of all orders and directions emanating from him or any of the Executive Departments of the Government to any military commander or civil officer, with reference to the service of the army or any portion thereof in the States of Virginia, South Carolina, Louisiana and Florida, since the 1st of August last, together with reports, telegraphic or otherwise, from any of such military commanders or civil officers. Objection was raised by Messrs. Kasson, Hale and other Republican members, but was overruled by the Speaker, unanimous consent having been given on Thursday for the introduction of the resolution, with the understanding that it should come up another day. At Mr. Kasson's suggestion, the words "if not incompatible with the public interests" were inserted, and the resolution, thus modified, was adopted without a divison.

In the United States Senate on Monday, Mr. Bogy of Missouri, asked leave to present for the purpose of being printed, the report of the five Democrats who were invited to attend the counting of votes by the Louisiana Returning Board. Objection being made to its reception under the rules of the Senate, it was decided that Messrs. Stevenson, of Kentucky, and McDonald, of Indiana, should join Mr. Bogy in presenting the report as a petition, so that it might be printed as well as the Sherman report. A petition was presented from Joseph E. Johnston, asking the removal of his political disabilities. Mr. Edmunds' Constitutional amendment that the Electoral vote shall be counted by the Supreme Court and the amendment thereto of the Judiciary Committee providing that the Electors shall vote *viva voce*, were discussed at length.

In the House a number of bills were introduced, none of special intgest. A resolution offered by Mr. Cox of New York, for the appointmeutment of a committee of five to inquire into election frauds in New York, Philadelphia, Brooklyn and Jersey City was agreed to without a division. A resolution was also adopted, instructing the Judiciary Committee to inquire into the legality of the Attorney General's circular to U. S. Marshals regarding their powers and duties during the Presidential campaign.

In the Senate on Tuesday Mr. Bayard's resolution calling on the Attorney General to furnish information concerning the employment of deputy marshals at the late election was agreed to. The report of the Louisiana Democratic Committee was received. Mr. Edmunds' resolution to have the Supreme Court count the Electoral votes was discussed.

In the House the 21st joint rule was discussed at length.

In the Senate on Wednesday no business of interest was transacted.

The House passed the Bland silver bill.

OUR NEXT PRESIDENT.

CONGRATULATORY ADDRESS BY THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC COMMITTEE.

WASHINGTON, December 13.—The following congratulatory address was issued today:

ROOMS OF THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC COMMITTEE, WASHINGTON, D. C., December 13, 1876—*To the People of the United States:* The national democratic committee announce as the result of the presidential election held on the 7th of November, the election of Samuel J. Tilden, of New York, as President and Thomas A. Hendricks, of Indiana, as Vice President of the United States. We congratulate you on this victory for reform. It now only remains for the two houses of congress, in the perform ance of their duty on the second Wednesday in February next, to give effect to the voice of the people thus expressed in the constitutional mode by a majority of electoral votes and confirmed by a majority of all the states as well as by an overwhelming majority of all the people of the United States. By order of the executive committee.

ABRAM S. HEWITT, Chairman.
FREDERICK O. PRINCE, Sec'y.

Hon. Abram S. Hewitt has published, a letter exploding some of Grant's lies in his recent conversation with an associated Press Agent. It will not surprise people very much, as Grant began that business many years ago, before he became President.

NEWS ITEMS.

The "first run of shad" has made its appearance down South. This is fully three weeks earlier than ever known before.

A. Loudon Snowden, chief coiner at the mint, has been appointed postmaster at Philadelphia.

Hon. George A. Trenholm, ex-Confederate Secretary of the Treasury, and a prominent merchant of Charleston, S. C., died in that city on Sunday, aged 70 years.

According to authentic statistics the grasshoppers in 1875 set back Minnesota to the following extent: Number of bushels of wheat destroyed, 2,024,962; oats, 1,127,780; co.n, 790,981, and potatoes, 130,886.

The remains of a balloon have recently been found on the coast of Ireland. In the car were human bones—an incomplete skeleton—and a leather traveling bag, containing papers so mouldy as not to be deciphered.

At Petrolia, Pa., Sunday afternoon, a wagon load of nitro glycerine—about 600 pounds—exploded, tearing wagon and horses to "shreds," and killing two men named Smith and Humphreys, who were unloading the wagon.

An idiot lad living with the family of a butcher at Gorham, Me., was left in charge of an infant a few days ago, and, imitating what he had seen done in the slaughter house he killed the child, skinned the body, and cut and hung it up.

An incendiary fire in Burlington, N. J., early Sunday morning, destroyed about twenty-six buildings, causing a loss of $150,000. More than fifty families are homeless. A lady named Rogers was frightened to death by the fire.

John P. Briscoe, Chancery Clerk of Claiborne county, Miss., a prominent Democrat, was assassinated last Saturday, while hunting near Port Gibson. He was the sole witness against the negroes who fired on the Sheriff's posse on October 21st.

The cold weather of Sunday last was general throughout the country and the mercury ranged from 42° below zero in Dakota to zero in Illinois. In Alabama the thermometer indicated the freezing point.

The number of bodies recovered from the ruins of the Brooklyn theater is 298. It is thought that others yet remain. On Sunday 103 bodies were buried in a common grave and 30 private funerals took place the same day. The city was draped in mourning and an immense crowd witnessed the funerals.

Rev. Thomas P. Hunt, better known as "Father Hunt," the temperance lecturer is dead. His age was 82.

The remains of Baron de Palm were successful "cremated" in Dr. Lemoyne's "crematory" at Washington, Pa., last week. In two hours and twenty minutes the body was reduced to ashes which were placed in an urn and carried away.

Captain Anfrye, Delegate French Commissioner to the Centennial was arrested last week for the alleged slander of one Smith a Centennial guard. Judge Thayer promptly quashed the writ as Capt. Anfrye was entitled to immunity from arrest in civil suits by virtue of his diplomatic position. Some trouble is likely to grow out of the affair.

The rumored lynching of negroes by a gang of Georgians, in South Carolina, turns out to be unfounded. The prisoners, thirteen in number, were taken to Anderson, and subsequently removed to Walhalla, in Oconee county, as a measure of precaution. It is charged that they were concerned in a plot for an indiscriminate murder of the whites, and there is great popular excitement in consequence. One of them committed suicide by taking laudanum.

The Congressional investigating committees have begun work. In Florida the counting of the returns has commenced. The Returning Board of that State, it is reported, will abide by the decision of the Supreme Court of the State, to which tribunal the matter has been carried. If the Court decides that the count must be made from the actual returns, they will do so.

In South Carolina there are yet further complications. The Returning Board refuse to appear before the Congressional committee and have refused to produce papers and documents. It is not known what action the committee will take.

The Cincinnati *Enquirer* remarks that "there have been two Presidential elections in Louisiana and Florida this year—one by the people, the other by the Returning Boards."

District Attorney D. F. Corbin has been chosen U. S. Senator by the bogus house of representatives and the Senate of South Carolina.

Naught can compare with Glenn's Sulphur Soap as a remedy for eruptions, pimples, old sores, and roughness of the skin. It is also a powerful disinfectant of impregnated linen or clothing, and should be freely used in the sick room. Depot, Crittenton's, 7 6th Ave., N. Y. Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, black or brown, 50 cts. Dec.

Marriages.

LYONS—POTTER.—On the 4th inst., at Pine Summit, Columbia county, Pa., by Elder J. S. Harvey, Mr. Joseph Lyons and Mrs. Elizabeth Potter, both of Lycoming county, Pa.

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$ 1.30
Rye "	.75
Corn, new, "	.60
Oats, " "	.32
Flour per barrel	7.50
Cloverseed	7.00
Flaxseed	1.50
Butter	.30
Eggs	.30
Tallow	.10
Potatoes	.90
Dried Apples	.08
Hams	.16
Sides & Shoulders	.12
Lard per pound	.14
Hay per ton	12.00
Beeswax	.25
Timothy Seed	4.50

QUOTATIONS FOR COAL.

No. 4 on Wharf	$ 3.40 per Ton
No. 5 " "	$ 3.10 "
No. 6 " "	$ 2.90 "
Blacksmith's Lutup on Wharf	$3 40 "
" Bituminous "	$4 50 "

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

IN pursuance of an order of Delano C. Calvin, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Charlotte Kyer, late of Catawissa, Pennsylvania, but leaving assets within the city and county of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his office, No. 20 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on or before the eighteenth day of June next.

Dated, New York, the seventh day of December, 1876.

FREDERICK C. HAVEMEYER, Executor.

Dec15-6m

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF WILLIAM BARBER, LATE OF MADISON TOWNSHIP, DECEASED.

The undersigned Auditor to make distribution of the fund in the hands of the Administrator of the estate of William Barber, deceased, will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office in Bloomsburg, on Saturday, Jan. 13th, 1877, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all persons having claims against the said estate, are required to present the same before the Auditor, or be debarred from coming in for a share of said fund.

F. P. BILLMEYER, Auditor.

Dec. 15-4w

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to the undersigned on book account, note or judgment are hereby notified to settle the same without delay and thereby save costs.

E. MENDENHALL.

Bloomsburg, Dec. 12, 1876.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF BENJAMIN SHINK DECEASED.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Benjamin Shink, late of Benton twp., Col., Co., deceased have been granted to the Register of said county to Clark Brink, of same twp., Columbia county, Adm'r., to whom all persons indebted are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands against the said estate will make them known to the said Administrator without delay.

CLARK BRINK, Administrator.

Dec. 15.-6w.*

1877.

ECLECTIC MAGAZINE

OF

FOREIGN LITERATURE.

THIRTY-THIRD YEAR.

The Eclectic reprints from all the foreign Quarterlies, Reviews, Magazines and Journals their choicest contents, including essays, scientific papers, biographical sketches, reminiscences of travel and adventure, tales, stories and poems. The field of selection is very large, and it is believed that the Eclectic presents a greater variety and higher standard of literature than any periodical can hope to do that depends exclusively upon home talent.

A knowledge of the current literature of other countries is indispensable to all who would keep pace with the progress of the human mind; and the Eclectic offers the best, and, indeed, the only, opportunity for obtaining this knowledge within a reasonable compass and at a moderate price.

Among the writers represented in recent numbers of the Eclectic are: The Rt. Hon. W. E. Gladstone, James Anthony Froude, Matthew Arnold, Charles Kingsley, Robert Buchanan, George McDonald, John Ruskin, Alfred Tennyson, Thomas Hughes, William Black, Mrs. Oliphant, Thomas Hardy, William Morris, Miss Thackeray, Mrs. Alexander, Profs. Huxley and Tyndall, Richard Proctor, A. R., Prof. Owen, Dr. W. B. Carpenter, Max. Muller, J. Norman Lockyer, Herbert Spencer, and others equally eminent. Besides the regular articles in the body of the magazine, there are four original editorial epartments: Literary Notices, Foreign Literary notes, Science and Art, and Varieties.

With regard to the character of the selections, the aim of the Eclectic is to be instructive without being dull, and entertaining without being trivial. While each number contains something to interest every member of the family circle, it addresses itself particularly to that great body of intelligent readers who seek profit as well as amusement in solid and healthful literature.

Besides the 128 pages of reading matter, each number of the magazine contains a fine Steel Engraving—usually a portrait—executed in the most artistic manner.

TERMS.—Single copies, 45 cents; one copy one year $5; 2 copies, $9; 5 copies, $20. Trial subscriptions for three months, $1.

The Eclectic and any $4 magazine to one address, $8.

Postage free to all subscribers. Address,

E. R. PELTON, Publisher,
25 Bond St., New York.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of sundry writs of Al. Vend. Ex., Al. Lev. Fa. & Fi. Fa. to me directed will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Bloomsburg, at one o'clock p. m. on

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1876,

All that certain piece of ground in the borough of Centralia, Columbia county, bounded as follows: beginning at property of William Peiffer and running north four (4) feet to property of William Torrey, thence west one hundred and forty (140) feet to an alley, thence south four (4) feet to property of William Peiffer, thence one hundred and forty (140) feet to the place of beginning, on Locust Avenue.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of Stephen Thomas.

ALSO,

All those certain lots or pieces of ground situate in the borough of Centralia, in the county of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at the north-west corner of Locust Avenue and Main Street, thence south eighty-seven (87) degrees west one hundred and forty (140) feet to a twenty feet wide alley, thence along the east line of said alley north three (3) degrees west fifty (50) feet, thence north eighty-seven (87) degrees east one hundred and forty (140) feet to said Locust Avenue, thence south three (3) degrees east fifty (50) feet to the place of beginning; being the lots marked with the numbers eleven (11) and twelve (12) in block number seventy-three (73), and lying and being on said Avenue. Whereon are erected a large two-story frame hotel, with basement, stables and outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of Henry A. Weidensaul, with notice to William Peiffer, terre tenant and present owner.

ALSO,

At the same time and place, the following tract of land situate in Roaringcreek township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: North by land of Elijah Yocum, west by lands of Yocum and Hower, south by lands of Elijah Hower, and east by William Osborn, containing forty acres, more or less, whereon are erected a frame dwelling house, a frame and a log stable.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of Joseph Buck.

ALSO,

At the same time and place, the following real estate in Montana, Conyngham township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded east by Centre street, south by Second street, west by an alley, north by land formerly owned by William Goodman and Ira Roddanmier, being fifty-five feet front, ninety-five feet back, and one hundred and forty in depth, on which are erected a stone and frame tavern stand frame stable and outbuildings.

ALSO,

One other lot bounded on the east by an alley, south by Second street, west by lands of Coal Ridge Coal and Iron Company, north by lands of H. S. Marr and Daniel Morris, being fifty feet in front.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of Isaac Edwards.

ALSO,

All that certain tract of land situate in Locust township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the north by lands of Charles and H. Gable, east by Enoch Kester, south by Henry Rhodes, and west by Daniel Fetterman, containing one hundred and sixty-nine acres, whereon are erected a frame dwelling house and bank barn and outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be told as the property of Peter Kline and Daniel Boyer.

ALSO,

At the same time and place, all that piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Briarcreek, Columbia county, adjoining Samuel Hawk on the north Alvin Vandemark, estate of John Linden and estate of W. A. J. Brittain on the east, William Klinetob and Martha Edwards on the south, and on the west by Uriah Van Pelt, containing eighty acres, more or less, on which are erected a two-story frame house and bank barn.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of John Van Pelt.

ALSO,

At the same time and place, all that certain lot or parcel of land situate in Fishingcreek township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a stone corner in the public road, thence by land of John Wenner north eighty-four and three-fourth degrees west fourteen and six-tenth perches to a stone corner in the road, thence by land of William Robbins south sixteen and one-fourth degrees east five and nine-tenth perches to a stone corner, thence by same south eighty-four and three-fourth degrees east fourteen and one-half perches to a stone corner at the west side of the public road leading to Jonestown, thence along the west side of road by land of Lewis Bechtlire north sixteen and one-half degrees west five and nine-tenth perches to the place of beginning; containing one-half acre, strict measure, whereon are erected a frame house and store house.

ALSO,

All that certain tract of land situate in Fishingcreek township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, adjoining lands of John Bealer on the north, land of William Whitenight and the heirs of John Stucker, deceased, on the east, lands of Daniel Stucker on the north, and land of Catharine Bealer on the west; containing seventy-seven acres and one hundred and forty-three perches—reserving out of said amount sixty-three and five-tenth perches, on which is erected a public house of worship—whereon are erected a frame house, barn and outbuildings.

ALSO,

All that certain lot of land situate in the township of Greenwood, county and State aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post corner of lands of Jacob Gerrard, thence by same and lands of John Sands north ten degrees east seventy-eight and two tenth perches, thence by last men toned land south sixty and one-half degrees east twelve perches to a white oak, thence by same and land of Moore and Dewitt heirs south eighty and one-half degrees east one hundred and thirty-six perches to stones, thence by land of I. A. Dewitt south nine and one-half degrees west twenty-seven perches to stones, thence by land of same and land of J. R. Patton and John B. Shultz south eighty-one and three-fourth degrees west one hundred and fifty-five and one-tenth perches to the place of beginning; containing forty-six acres and one hundred and fourteen perches, strict measure, whereon are erected a frame house, barn and outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of E. F. Bender.

CONDITIONS OF SALE.—Purchasers must pay ten per cent. of the purchase money, or at least enough to cover all costs, at striking down of sale, otherwise property to be resold at once.

CHARLES S. FORNWALD, Sheriff.

Dec 15-ts.

THE SUN.

1877. NEW YORK. 1877.

The different editions of The Sun during the next year will be the same as during the year that has just passed. The daily edition will as heretofore be a sheet of four pages, and on ordinary occasions of eight pages, or 56 broad columns; while the weekly edition will be a sheet of eight pages of the same dimensions and character that are already familiar to our readers.

The Sun will continue to be the strenuous advocate of reform and retrenchment, and of the principles of statesmanship, wisdom and integrity for both of pretence, imbecility and fraud in the administration of public affairs. It will contend for the supremacy of the people and for the rights and liberties of the people as opposed to government by frauds in the ballot-box and in the counting of votes, enforced by military violence. It will endeavor to supply its readers with the news not for from a number of souls—with the most careful, complete and trustworthy accounts of current events, and will employ for this purpose numerous and carefully selected staff of reporters and correspondents. Its reports from Washington, especially, will be full, accurate and fearless; and it will doubtless continue to deserve and enjoy the hatred of those who thrive by plundering the Treasury or by usurping what the law does not give them, while it will endeavor to merit the confidence of the public by defending the rights of the people against the encroachments of unjustified power.

The price of the daily Sun will be 35 cts. a month, or $6.50 a year, post paid, or with the Sunday edition $7.70 a year.

The Sunday edition alone, eight pages, $1.20 a year, post paid.

The Weekly Sun, eight pages of 56 broad columns, will be furnished during 1877 at the rate of $1 a year post paid.

The benefit of this large reduction from the previous rate for the Weekly can be enjoyed by individual subscribers without the necessity of making up clubs. At the same time, if any of our friends choose to add to existing clubs or circulate new clubs, the compensation is liberal to them, and every such person who sends us ten or more subscribers from one place will be entitled to one copy of the paper for himself without charge, at one dollar a year, postage paid. The Sun is printed on paper and printing are barely paid; and, considering the size of the sheet and the quality of its contents, we are confident the people will consider the Weekly Sun the cheapest newspaper published in the world, and we trust also one of the very best.

Address, THE SUN, New York City, N. Y.

Dec15-6w

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THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, DEC. 15, 1876

Rail Road Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG RAIL ROAD

	NORTH.	SOUTH.
Accommodation Train,	6.45 A. M.	7.52 A. M.
Mail Train	7.38 A. M	4.49 P. M
Express Train	1.50 P. M.	11.57 A. M
" "	6.56 P. M.	

CATAWISSA RAIL ROAD.

	NORTH.	SOUTH
Accommodation Train	6.38 A. M.	7.51 P. M.
Day Express	4.06 P. M.	11.33 A. M.

Through cars on Express train either to New York or Philadelphia. Accommodation train runs between Catawissa and Williamsport.

The thermometer marked 4° below zero on Sunday morning. Early in the season too.

The *Press and Standard*, of Laporte, Sullivan county, has suspended publication.

The largest assortment of Holiday Presents in the county at Clark's Book Store.

George Risewick killed a hog, last week which weighed 475 lbs. dressed. Nice little porker?

Under the head of "Too much money," Dr. Brower gives his views as to its use in carrying elections He ought to know.

Court adjourned rather unexpectedly on Tuesday, the cases on the trial list having been either settled or continued.

Mr. W. F. Rush, of Wilkes Barre, was so unfortunate as to have one of his ears frozen while driving from Benton last Saturday.

The order of Court, relative to the Third Street burial ground, will be found in our court proceedings and will prove interesting to our town readers.

There is an old English proverb which says: "If the ice will bear a man before Christmas it won't bear a mouse after Christmas." We will see how true it is.

The Columbia county Teachers' Institute will be held this year, in the Hall of the Normal School, beginning December 25 and continuing one week. A general attendance of teachers is looked for.

The *Republican* this week gives its readers some very sensible reading—a novelty to them by copying some editorials from the COLUMBIAN It misrepresents us, however, by putting in such a small cannon.

Henry Reil, a clerk in the Wilkes Barre post office, only eighteen years of age, has forged money orders to the extent of about $1000 and absconded. Not bad for one so young. If he lives and keeps out of State's prison he will make a financier.

Our neighbor, the *Danville Record*, has gone body and breeches into the Republican camp. As its editor naturally belongs there, and has an insatiable longing for "the flesh pots of Egypt," no one need be surprised, nor have one single regret.

Mt. Moriah Council, No 10 held its annual election for officers on last Wednesday evening, and selected the following officers. T. J. G. M. W. B. Koons; D. J. G. M., Joseph Ralston; P. C. W. Peter Knapp; M. E., J. J. Brower; and Recorder C. F. Knapp.

Ice has formed of sufficient thickness for storing and some have already taken advantage of the opportunity and are filling their icehouses. There's no telling now-a-days, in this latitude at least, what kind of a winter will ensue and there is wisdom in "taking time by the forelock."

The "Snowy Owl" is said to be a rare bird in this latitude, but to judge from the number which have been shot in neighboring counties, we should fancy that they are about as numerous as sparrows. Half of our exchanges contain reports of the shooting of these owls Newspapers never lie or make mistakes, so it must be that "snowy owls" have changed their habits—or something of that sort.

Somebody who pretends to know, says that the habit of putting the point of a lead pencil in the mouth, to ensure a black mark on the paper, is a dangerous one. The writer states that "cases have occurred where the system has been so badly poisoned that paralysis and death have followed from this practice." We do not vouch for the truth of the statement but the practice is a useless and inelegant one, and should not be followed.

All of the Associate Judges in the various counties of this State will under the new Constitution, be retired the coming month, leaving the control of the courts exclusively in the hands of the presiding Judges.—*Phila. Times.*

We find the above in an exchange. It is not true and the *Times* has subsequently corrected its own statement. Associate Judges cease to exist only in those counties forming separate judicial districts.

Thomas J. Thornton, a well known citizen of Bloomsburg, died on Saturday night last at about nine o'clock aged some fifty years.

The cause of his death was consumption Although Mr. Thornton had been in ill health for some time, his death was sudden and unexpected. He had many warm friends who will mourn his loss and feel keen regret for the genial, good-hearted companion who was laid in the cold earth on Tuesday. May he rest in peace.

The largest assortment of Holiday Presents in the county at Clark's Book Store.

Frank Beamish and Dr. Trimmer, of Luzerne county are not satisfied with their defeat for the offices of State Senator and Prothonotary respectively and are to contest the election of their opponents in the Courts. J. Harry James, a member of the bar of this county, who was defeated for the Legislature in Schuylkill county is also determined to contest the election of the other fellow. Nobody seems to be satisfied with this Fall's suffrage business, from Presidential electors to county officers.

The *Gazette & Bulletin* says that "fraud, intimidation and money were the chief means used to carry the election," by the Democrats, and asks "what do the people think of such a party?" That is easily answered; the people think that the party is too sensible and too strong to permit a lot of inbred scoundrels in South Carolina, Florida and Louisiana swindle them out of a President, and the better class of Republicans have the same idea. That's what the people think and their opinion will not be changed by the daily publication of Zach Chandler's dispatches in the *Bulletin*.

The inconsistency of the Democrats with regard to the Presidential muddle is seen by their justification of a resort to the courts in South Carolina, and their objection to it in Louisiana In the first-named State the preponderant composition of the court is Democratic—in the last-named it is Republican.—*Bellefonte Republican.*

It isn't often that you find in as short an article as the above quite so many untruths. There was no question of a resort to the courts in Louisiana, so the Democrats could not very well have objected. The Returning Board did their own villainy without the aid of the judiciary. The composition of the court in South Carolina is not Democratic. Every member of the court is a Republican, and elected as such, and the editor of the *Republican* knew it too, when he penned the above.

James Kerstetter shot three white swans last week. One of them measured seven feet from tip to tip of wing, and the other two were nearly as large. These birds are rarely seen in this vicinity.—*Millmonian.*

Mr. J. J. Christian recently caught three minks and one large black otter, which measured four feet and eleven inches from the end of its nose to the tip of its tail. They were caught at Jacob Christian's mill dam on Little Fishingcreek. Score two for J. J.—*Benton Weekly.*

On Monday afternoon last, two men named Deen formerly from Plymouth, and Amos Appleman of this county, entered the Exchange Hotel filled with bad whisky and fight, and after abusing the gentlemen connected with the hotel, kicked up a row. In the fight the intruders were roughly handled and were finally ejected. No arrests were made.

DIPHTHERIA.—In France lemon juice is in high repute as a remedy for diphtheria. As a local application it is preferred to chlorate of potash, nitrate of silver, perchloride of iron, alum or lime water. It is used by dipping a little plug of cotton wool, twisted around a wire in the juice, and pressing it against the diseased surface four or five times daily.

Peter F. Eyerly died in Danville on the 2nd inst., aged 55 years, 5 months and 29 days, and was buried by the I. O. O. F., on Tuesday of last week. Mr. Eyerly was for more than 25 years secretary of the Calumet Lodge No. 279. His loss will be felt by his brethren of the order and by a large circle of friends. His funeral sermon was preached on Sunday by Rev. M. L. Shindel, in the Pine St. Lutheran Church. Mr. Eyerly was a brother of Michael F. Eyerly of this town.

JUDGE DERR'S RETIREMENT.—After ten years' consecutive and faithful service as Associate Judge, Mr. Derr is about to retire from the Bench. The members of the Bar gave him a complimentary supper at the Exchange Hotel on Wednesday evening. Judge Elwell presided, and there was a very large attendance. At the close of the entertainment brief complimentary speeches were made, which were happily responded to by Judge Derr. He retires full of honors, and with the good wishes of all who know him.

Some scoundrel or scoundrels placed stone on the track of the P. & R. R. R., near Pottsgrove on Saturday night last, and on Sunday morning about three o'clock, a freight train ran into the obstructions and was badly wrecked. Mr. Benj. Baird, son of Peter Baird, of this place, who was employed on the train, was quite seriously though not fatally injured. He was taken to Catawissa, where he resides, and we learn that he is now getting along well. Others on the train were injured but not sufficient to incapacitate them from duty.—*Miltonian.*

The Presidential question may be considered as settled finally. Bixby of the Plymouth *Index* says "Hayes and Wheeler are elected," and further remarks that "it has been a close call, and the Republicans should heed the warning and not get careless of the wishes of the people during the coming four years." Now then let those Congressional committees be discharged from further consideration of the subject. Kind of Bixby, isn't it? and generous of him to state that "it has been a close call?" Bixby should have a post-office at once.

The largest assortment of Holiday Presents in the county at Clark's Book Store.

At a business meeting of the Y. M. C. A. held in the Lutheran Church on Tuesday evening last the following officers were elected:

President, Prof. G. E. Wilbur, Vice President, E. H. Witman, Secretary, F. A. Witman Treas. W. E. Rinker, Librarian, David Edwards.

The board of Managers are Rev. John Thomas, J. H. Verry, H. E. Smith and Henry Kesty. The devotional meeting will be held in the Lutheran Church next Sunday afternoon at 3½ o'clock. An invitation is extended to *all* persons to attend these meetings.

Saturday last was a delightful day—for polar bears and "sich." The mercury hovered around the zero mark and a well-grown hurricane from the north-west prevailed. It was colder than the north side of an iceberg, and the dust clouds which filled the air were simply immense. There was no comfort out-of-doors and mighty little inside. It was impossible to keep out either the driving wind or the accompanying dust, and dirt and discomfort held full sway. On Sunday the temperature was lower but the wind was lulled and the cold was more bearable. The polar wave was here without a doubt—nobody can "count that out."

NOTICE!—Collectors were notified to come in during court and claim their exonerations and pay over all money collected. Mr. Wm. J. Knorr, Collector of Berwick was among the first on hand. The amount of his duplicate was $1004,67. He paid the full amount to the Treasurer. He is the only one for 1876 that has yet paid up in full. Quite a number for some year to extended, a number have however not even put in an appearance. We say to those that we will meet again at our office in Bloomsburg on Friday and Saturday, December 22d and 23d, at which time we want such delinquents to be here and unless they do their names will be published.

We also give notice that all claims due individuals shall be presented at that time for adjustment &c.

There is still some money due to several of the town-ships from the sale of lands which the present officers will please call for.

SILAS W. MCHENRY,
JOHN HERSER,
J. E. SANDS, } Com'rs.

Attest: WM. KNICKBEAUM, Clerk.
Commissioners' Office,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

REPORT OF GRAND JURY.

The grand inquest of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania inquiring for the body of the county of Columbia, respectfully report.

That we have pursuant to our required duty calmly and deliberately investigated all the bills of indictment presented for our consideration at this time and have passed upon them according to their merits: that we have examined the public buildings, and find the jail as clean as could be expected under the circumstances, but find the jail yard walls in poor condition not sufficient to hold the prisoners if they have any desire to go out.

We recommend that the County Commissioners, as soon as practicable, build a new jail and jail yard, believing money spent on the old building lost. We find the oven in the jail house in bad condition. We recommend that the wall on the east side of the Court House yard be repaired. And recommend also that two hitching posts of iron be planted in front of the Court House yard.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

THOS. J. WELLIVER, Foreman.

"Eureka" is the sentiment of countless sufferers who find the balm of relief, and the fountain of their health and strength, in Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It is the most potent of all the alteratives to purify the system and cleanse the blood. It possesses invigorating qualities, so that it stimulates the faded vitalities and purges out the corruptions which mingle with the blood, promoting derangement and decay. We are assured by many intelligent physicians that this medicine cures beyond all others of its kind and we can fortify this statement by our own experience.—*Athol (Mass.) White Flag.*

Dec. 1m.

The rumor seems to be well founded that a number of prominent citizens of Baltimore have resolved to erect a monument to the memory of the late Dr. J. W. Bull, discoverer of that wonderful remedy, Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Petition for viewers to vacate and lay out a road in Mt. Pleasant twp. Samuel Neyhard, John K. Grotz, and Jacob R. Grant appointed viewers.

Petition for reviewers of a road in Conyngham twp. near F. Bush's, Jacob Stine, Henry Gable and Solomon Mowrer appointed viewers.

Stephen Hill vs. Millers & Sybert. Verdict for plaintiff for $139,33.

The Sheriff acknowledges the following deeds in open Court: To Emanuel Straus for seven pieces of ground, late the property of A. Rice; to Frank Leisinger 3 tracts in Locust late of J. Bachman; to William Peacock part of tract in Pine late of J. R. Faus; to Conrad Swank for house and lands of J. H. Haus, Beaver; to William Torrey, house and lot of S. Thomas, Centralia' to Citizens; Saving Fund Association of Centralia, real estate of P. D. Hughes and house, shops and lot of R. Fahringer, Centralia; to Bloom Poor District, house and lot of Catharine Long, Bloomsburg; to Moore & Ohl tract of A. B. Appleman, Hemlock; to B. F. Sharpless, tract of J. R. Faus, Pine; to Benton Saving Fund Association, tract of William Appleman, Benton; to Columbia Co., Saving Fund Association, houses and land of L. & E. M. Lucas, Beaver, and house and lot of D. F Payden, Mifflin.

Auditor's report making distribution in the estate of Charles Dyer deceased confirmed nisi

Auditor's report making distribution in the estate of George Weaver, deceased confirmed nisi.

Court adjourned until Monday December 11th.

Court met on Monday pursuant to adjournment. His Honor William Elwell, President Judge, and Iram Derr, Esq., Associate, on the Bench.

Melick vs. Melick. Subpoena in divorce awarded.

Ordered that Court continue two weeks in February term, also that a venire be issued for a Grand Jury in the Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of said term; also separate venires for fifty petit jurors for first week and a like number in second week to serve in Oyer and Terminer, Quarter Sessions and Common Pleas.

Freas Brown vs. W. E. Barrett's admr. judgment for plaintiff for $700,50.

Wesley Wirt Esq., appointed public auditor to audit the accounts of the several officers of Columbia county.

In the estate of John Heath, deceased, order of sale continued.

In the estate of O. Phillips, report of sale confirmed nisi.

In the estate of Cornelius Kikendall, citation awarded.

W. M. Reber vs. Columbia county. A suit to recover amount due for post mortem examination of a child found dead in an outhouse. Verdict for plaintiff for $10.

In the matter of the burial ground on Third Street, the Court made the following order:

And now, December 12th, 1876 this matter came on for hearing, and the parties and witnesses were heard by the Court, whereupon the Court being of the opinion that the burial ground situate on the south side of Third Street, in Bloomsburg, and bounded as described in the petition on file, has been and is so neglected as to become a public nuisance, therefore the Court order and direct that the dead there buried be removed therefrom by the President and Town Council of the Town of Bloomsburg, to Rosemont Cemetery in said Town, by the first day of April next. In cases where the relatives of any of the dead shall procure a lot in said Rosemont Cemetery and desire that their dead be removed thereto, the request is to be complied with by said authority. In cases where no such request shall be made the said authorities shall cause the dead to be removed to some suitable portion of Rosemont Cemetery, to be set apart for that purpose by the procurement of said Town Council.

Report of reviewers of a public road in Mt. Pleasant township, near George B. Thomas' confirmed nisi.

Report of viewers of a public road in Center township, near house of Allen Whitmire, confirmed nisi.

Petition for viewers to lay out a road in Madison township. John Appleman, John Betz and Charles Dieterick appointed viewers.

Petition for review of a road in Centre township near house of Allen Whitmire. John McGorgle, John Herring and William Bellas appointed reviewers.

Petition to review a road in Greenwood and Mt. Pleasant townships. L. A. German, Wm. L. Manning and I. Frank Derr appointed reviewers.

We publish the following, from the Philadelphia *Times*, for the information of those of our readers who have policies in the Continental Life Insurance Company of New York:

MORE LIFE ASSURANCE AMALGAMATION.

To the Editor of the *Times*:

I am insured in the Continental Life Insurance Company, of New York, and since it has appointed a receiver scarcely know what course to pursue. Would you advise me to continue paying premiums on my policy as they become due in the Continental, or would you advise my going into the New Jersey Mutual, an offer which the Continental makes to all its policy-holders, without extra cost. The agents have always held that the State of New York was liable for the doings of the company, and that the State would protect the policy-holders from any loss. If this is the case I prefer to wait the pleasure of the State to pay off, and not deposit my policy in any company, as I consider the majority of them frauds. If you will give me some information through the columns of your valuable paper you will much oblige L. C. T.

THOMPSONTOWN, Nov. 28, 1876.

We should not advise your going into the New Jersey Mutual or entering into any new negotiations whatever with representatives of the Continental Life Insurance Company A petition is now pending before the Court of Appeals of New York for the dissolution of the company, its hands are tied and it cannot pay out a cent to anyone, except in accordance with the order of the court. Its assets, if honestly reported at any time within three years, which there is little reason to doubt, should be sufficient to reinsure you to a strong company for at least two-thirds of the amount of your policy. If the New Jersey Mutual takes those risks, it does so without any certainty, and hardly a probability, of ever receiving anything except the new premiums you will pay, which are of themselves sufficient to pay for the insurance they offer. The very fact of this company's attempting to induce this reinsurance without making the scheme public is an indication that it is, to say the least, not a business-like enterprise.—ED. TIMES.

Have you tried Kirby's WildCherry Cough Balsam? A very palateable compound for the various affections of the throat and lungs it has been used with success, in seven cases of asthma giving instant relief and in many cases effecting a permanent cure. Price 50 cents per bottle and positively warranted to give entire satisfaction or money refunded. Kirby's Magic Relief for the instant cure of severe and acute pains.

Kirby's Tasteless Worm Lozenges, pleasant, safe and effectual.

Kirby's Horse and Cattle Powders are the best powders for stock, manufactured. Try them and be convinced.

Kirby's Camphor Ice for sunburns, sore lips and chapped hands.

Gill's Billious and Liver Pills are recommended by the first Physicians.

The above preparations are for sale by all Druggists and dealers in medicine.

MOYER BROTHERS,
July 21, '76.-1y Wholesale Agents.

Six good second-hand Pianos for sale at G Thomas's Music Store, Danville, ranging in price from $125 to $250. Dec. 1-3m

PAPER BAGS FOR SALE AT THE COLUMBIA OFFICE.

Business Notices

Chromos in large variety and Pocket Bibles in various bindings at Clark's Book Store.

Holiday Goods at Clark & Wolf's.

Raisins, Currants, Dried Peaches, Dried Cherries, and all that class of goods for Christmas Cakes and Puddings at I. W. Hartman's.

Christmas Goods in great variety at the Central Book Store (Post Office).

Beautiful nickel-plated student's lamps, fine bronze lamps from 75 cents upwards, just the things for Holiday presents at Moyer Bros.

Glove and Handkerchief Boxes at Clark's Book Store.

Lutz & Sloan have received another large lot of Furs and other goods for Christmas presents.

Castors, Pitchers, &c., suitable for Holiday presents at M. M. Russel's.

Potash balls at wholesale and retail at Moyer Bros, suitable for soap making.

Gent's fancy Slippers just received at E. M. Knorr's.

Diaries in every style and the only place where the Patent Index Diary can be had, at Clark's Book Store.

Rubber Boots at McKinney's.

For a good cheap suit of Clothes go to D. Lowenberg's.

Mason & Hamlin, Geo. Woods, and the Celebrated Standard Organs, at Thomas's Music Store, Danville. Dec. 1-3m

Diaries for 1877, cheap at Central Book Store.

Holiday Goods at Clark & Wolf's.

Russia Leather and Morocco Pocket Books, Card and Cigar Cases at Clark's Book Store

Ladies' and Children's Slippers at E. M. Knorr's.

Have you seen I. W. Hartman's Christmas Goods.

Gents' fancy Slippers at McKinney's.

New stock of Gold Pens, Pencils, &c., at the Central Book Store, (Post Office.)

Holiday Goods at Clark & Wolf's.

Both sides of I. W. Hartman's Store filled with Holiday Goods, 5 cents to $30.00.

A large stock of Photograph Albums for Christmas Presents at Clark's Book Store.

HOLIDAY GOODS, Lamps, Chrystal Wedding Sets, a fine assortment of China and Glass Ware at M. M. Russel's.

Buy your Clothing at D. Lowenberg's.

Chickering, Steinway, Mathushek & Haines Bro's., Pianos, at Thomas's Music Store, Danville. Dec. 1-3m

A, B, C, Building Blocks and Picture Puzzles, at Clark's Book Store.

8000 dollars worth of Goods to select your Christmas Presents from at I. W. Hartman's.

For Good useful Christmas presents that your friends will appreciate go to Lutz & Sloan's.

Tubular Lanterns at M. M. Russel's.

Writing Desks and Work Boxes at Clark's Book Store.

A car load of Window Glass, just received of all sizes at Moyer Bros. A specialty made of large sized glass suitable for pictures. For sale at wholesale and retail.

Holiday Goods at Clark & Wolf's.

Ove rcoats, Overcoats, Overcoats, For Men, for Boys, for Children. Latest styles, lowest prices at D. Lowenberg's.

Ladies' Rubbers at McKinney's.

Toy Books in great variety at Clark's Book Store.

Boys' Kip Boots for $2.00 at E. M. Knorr's.

Tobacco and Confectionery, wholesale and retail at M. M. Russel's.

Holiday Goods at Clark & Wolf's.

A really fine Dress Shirt, try the Eclipse Shirt, a perfect fit, elegance and economy combined; can only be bought at D. Lowenberg's.

Sheet Music, Music Books, and Musical Instruments generally in endless variety at Thomas's Music Store, Danville. Dec. 1-3m

Buy your Boots and Shoes at McKinney's for he still "holds the fort," and sells Goods at "hard pan" prices.

COAL. COAL

Old Established Coal Yard.

C. W. NEAL & BRO., Wholesale & Retail Dealers in all sizes of the best qualities of Red and White Ash Coal, at the very lowest market rates. Have constantly on hand large stocks of

Domestic,
Cupola,
Blacksmith's Anthracite,
Bituminous,
and Limeburner's Coal.

Especial attention given to the preparation of coal before leaving our yards. Grain and Lumber taken in exchange for coal. Coal delivered to any part of the town at short notice. Orders left at I. W. McKelvy's store, or at our office, will receive prompt attention. Office and Yards at William Neal & Sons' Furnace, East Bloomsburg. Your patronage respectfully solicited.

COAL. [7—11—25] COAL

Worthy of Remembrance.

Why will you suffer violent pain, or be unable or comfortable, distressed in mind or body, when you can be instantly relieved and quickly cured by Benson's Capcine Porous Plasters The ordinary Porous Plaster is an article of merit, but its action is too slow, requiring days and weeks of continuous wear to effect a cure. Benson's Capcine Porous Plaster, being a great improvement over them, relieves you instantly and cures you quicker than any known plaster, liniment or compound.

Their action is more powerful than electricity and more certain. They are purely vegetable and contain no mineral or metallic poisons. Their composition and properties are founded upon true medical skill, and are in no sense a patent medicine. They are endorsed by thousands of Physicians and Druggists of unimpeachable reputation, as being an article of genuine merit and worthy of public confidence. Try them and be convinced. Price 25 cents.

SEABURY & JOHNSON,
PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTS, N. Y.
May 19, '76 1y.

Benson's Capcine Porous Plasters—Hear what the People Say!

"The best, cheapest, safest, and surest remedy offered an intelligent people" "An article of great merit which will in a short time be found in every household." "They are all that the manufacturers claim for them, whose name alone is a sufficient endorsement of their genuine merits." "The best remedy known for all external difficulties or local disturbances." They are vigorous, removing almost instantly the most violent pain and ensuring a speedy cure." "I consider them a great and needed improvement over all other porous plasters, they give prompt relief and cure quickly; they are held in high esteem" They are now preferred over all others. They cure where other porous plasters simply relieve." When suffering try them and you will not be disappointed. Price 25 cents.

SEABURY & JOHNSON,
May 19 '76-1y Pharmaceutical Chemists, N.Y.

BUSINESS CARDS,
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POSTERS, &C., &C.,
Neatly and Cheaply printed at the COLUMBIAN Office.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. March1 '76-1y.

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STANDARD MANUFACTURE

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The Best in quality!
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The Easiest Terms!

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GOMER THOMAS' MUSIC STORE,

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Dec.1—3m

WHOLESALE DRUG EMPORIUM.

Corner Main and Market Street

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

The undersigned having been engaged in the

WHOLESALE DRUG

business for the past eight years would call the attention of country dealers to their large and varied stock.

They defy competition by any house in or out of the large cities.

Their stock consists of Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, Patent Medicines, Spices, &c.

RETAIL DEPARTMENT

BROWER'S BLOCK.

Where may be found a large stock of Surgical Instruments, Sponges, Chamois, Colognes, Perfumery and in fact everything kept in a well regulated retail Drug Store.

They are also Sole Manufacturers of the celebrate

OIL OF GLADNESS.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

MOYER BROS.

May 19, '76.-1f.

ARE YOU GOING TO PAINT.

Then Buy N. Y. ENAMEL PAINT CO'S

and save one-third the cost of CHEMICAL PAINT painting, and get a paint that is much handsomer and will last twice as long as any other paint. Is prepared ready for use in white or any color desired. Is on many thousands of the finest buildings in the country, many of which have been painted six years, and now look as well as when first painted. This CHEMICAL PAINT has taken First Premiums at twenty of the State Fairs of the Union. Sample card of colors sent free. Address N. Y. ENAMEL PAINT CO., 103 Chambers street, Cleveland, Ohio, N. Y. ENAMEL PAINT CO., 103 Chambers street, N. Y. May 12, '76—1y.

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Dealer in Law Blanks, Sunday School Libraries, Depositary of the Pennsylvania Bible Society,

WINDOW CURTAINS, WALL PAPER, PICTURE FRAMES, REWARD CARDS.

Books and supplies not on hand can be furnished

On Short Notice at the Most Reasonable Rates.

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Oct. 8, 1875—

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and save one-third the cost of CHEMICAL PAINT painting, and get a paint that is much handsomer and will last twice as long as any other paint. Is prepared ready for use in white or any color desired. Is on many thousands of the finest buildings in the country, many of which have been painted six years, and now look as well as when first painted. This CHEMICAL PAINT has taken First Premiums at twenty of the State Fairs of the Union. Sample card of colors sent free. Address MILLER BROS., 109 Water street, Cleveland, Ohio, N. Y. ENAMEL PAINT CO., 103 Chambers street, N. Y. May 12, '76—1y.

ST. NICHOLAS.

"THE KING OF ALL PUBLICATIONS ISSUED FOR THE YOUNG ON EITHER SIDE OF THE ATLANTIC."—*Southampton (England) Observer.*

The third volume of this incomparable Magazine is now completed. With its eight hundred royal octavo pages, and its six hundred illustrations, its splendid serials, its shorter stories, poems, sketches, etc., etc., in its beautiful binding of red and gold, it is the most splendid gift book for boys and girls ever issued from the press. Price $4; in full gilt, $5.

ST. NICHOLAS FOR 1877.

Besides serial stories, Christmas stories, lively sketches, poems and pictures for the holidays and some one of the striking features of the year, with drawings by Japanese artists, THE CHRISTMAS HOLIDAY NUMBER OF ST. NICHOLAS, superbly illustrated, contains a very interesting paper.

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BY WILLIAM CULLEN BRYANT:

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Do not fail to buy St. Nicholas for the Holidays. Price 25 cents.

During the year there will be interesting papers for boys, by William Cullen Bryant, John G. Whittier, Thomas Hughes, Sidney Herbert, the Duke of George MacDonald, Sanford B. Hunt, Frank R. Stockton, and others.

There will be stories, sketches and poems, of special interest to girls, by Harriet Prescott Spofford, Susan Coolidge, Sarah Winter Kellogg, Elizabeth Stuart Phelps, Louisa Alcott, Lucretia P. Hale, Celia Thaxter, Mary Mapes Dodge and many others.

Amusement and instruction, with fun and frolic, and will and wisdom, will be mingled as necessities and as seasons require. Subscribe at once. Terms, $3 a year. The three bound volumes and a subscription for this year (which is the best way to get the first) sent postpaid for $6 00 money in check or P. O. money order, or in registered letter to

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Notices of the Press.

For stretch household matters and dress, Harper Bazar is the best of the kind published. I take it is a matter of economy so body can afford to be without it, for the information it gives will easily save much more than the subscription price.—*Rural New Yorker.* It is an interesting little sheet.—*Chicago Journal.*

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Back Numbers can be supplied at any time.

The Volumes of the Bazar commence with the year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the number next after the receipt of his order.

The Annual Volumes of Harper's Bazar, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $1 00 each. A complete set, comprising Nine Volumes, sent on receipt of cash, at the rate of $3 25 per Volume, freight at expense of purchaser

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Indexes to each volume sent on receipt of stamp.

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The Country Gentleman.

Notices of the Press.

The Country Gentleman is published weekly on the following terms, when paid strictly in advance: One copy, for one year, or four copies, for $10, and an additional copy for the year free to the sender of the Club: Ten copies, $20, and an additional copy for the year free to the sender of the Club.

The Country Gentleman possesses an unequalled Corps of Correspondents, regular and occasional, among the best Farmers of all parts of the country and constantly reflects the practical condition and progress of the husbandry of every section of the United States and civilized world.

The Country Gentleman gives in its Horticultural Department a continuous variety of information and suggestion, equal if not superior in the aggregate to what is obtained in the monthly numbers of most magazines devoted to Horticulture.

The Country Gentleman has probably done as much as all other Journals combined, to introduce and disseminate improved implements of every kind through the country; and commands to a greater degree than any contemporary, the confidence and good will of farmers and purchasers.

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The Country Gentleman embraces numerous minor departments of a practical character, such as Rural Notes and Queries, Yard, the Office, the Vineyard and Orchard, Weekly Calendar of Work for the Farm and Garden, Recipes, Domestic and Miscellaneous Matters, &c., &c., and in each of these departments is constantly found the most reliable and interesting information to be obtained anywhere. It contains a well edited budget of current events, and in addition to pages devoted to the political news of the day, it presents the principal facts connected with the agricultural and horticultural situation in all parts of the country.

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THE GREAT DISCOVERY!

E. F. KUNKEL'S BITTER WINE OF IRON. For the cure of weak stomach, general debility, Indigestion, disease of the nervous system, constipation, debility of the stomach, and all cases requiring a tonic.

The wine includes the most agreeable and efficient of iron we possess—Citrate of Magnesia oxide, combined with the most energetic of vegetable tonics Yellow Peruvian bark.

The effect is in all cases of debility, loss of appetite, and general prostration, of an efficient salt of iron combined with Vegetable Nerve tonic, is most happy. It enlivens the appetite, fastens the pulse, takes off muscular flabbiness, removes the pallor of debility, and gives a florid vigor to the countenance.

Do you want something to strengthen you? Do you want a good appetite? Do you want to build up your constitution? Do you want to feel well? Do you want to get rid of nervousness? Do you want energy? Do you want to sleep well? Do you want brisk and vigorous feelings? If you do, try Kunkel's Wine of Iron.

This truly valuable tonic has been thoroughly tested by all classes of the community, that it is now deemed indispensable as a Tonic medicine. It costs but little, purifies the blood and gives tone to the stomach, renovates the system and prolongs life.

I now only ask a trial of this valuable Tonic. Price $1, per bottle. E. F. KUNKEL, Sole Proprietor Philadelphia, Pa. Ask your druggist for Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron, and take no other make. Sold only in $1. bottles. All others are counterfeit, so beware of them.

Buy six bottles for $5.

Worms Removed Alive.

E. F. Kunkel's worm syrup never fails to destroy Pin, Seat and Stomach worms. Dr. Kunkel is the only successful Physician in this country for the removal of worms. He removes Tape worms with head and all complete, alive in 2 hours, and no fee until removed. Send for circular, or call on your Druggist, and get a bottle of Kunkel's Worm Syrup Price $1. It never fails. Nov.

Send 25c. to G. P. ROWELL & CO., New York, for Pamphlet of 100 pages, containing lists of 3000 newspapers, and estimates showing cost of advertising. Dec. 6, '76-3m

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF DAVID A. WATSON, DEC'D.

Letters of Administration on the estate of David A. Watson late of Madison township, Columbia county, have been granted by the Register of said county to Mary A. Watson, of Madison township Columbia county. All persons having claims against the said estate are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to make payment without delay.

MARY A. WATSON,
Dec. 8, '76-6w Administratrix.

NOTICE.

To ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: This is to give notice that I have loaned R. M. Davis one bay mare, during my pleasure, and I hereby notify all persons not to interfere with said property.

BENJAMIN GOLDER.
Stillwater, Dec. 1, 1876-3w.

NOTICE.

This is to give notice that I purchased at Constable's sale, the following articles, formerly the property of Joseph Shoemaker, viz: on cow, one parlor stove, lot of carpet and plow, all of which I have loaned to said Joseph Shoemaker during my pleasure. All persons are forbidden to interfere with said property.

T. J. SWISHER.
Jerseytown, Dec. 1, '76-3w

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF DANIEL KASHNER, DECEASED.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Daniel Kashner, late of Catawissa twp., Col., Co., deceased have been granted by the Register of said county to Peter S. Kashner, of same twp., Columbia county. Admr., to whom all persons indebted are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands against the said estate will make them known to the said Administrator without delay.

PETER S. KASHNER,
Dec. 1, 1876—6w* Administrator.

Late Immense Discoveries by STANLEY and others are just added to the only complete

Life and Labors of Livingstone.

This Veteran Explorer ranks among the most heroic figures of the century, and this book is one of the most attractive, fascinating, richly illustrated and instructive volumes ever issued. Being the only entire and authentic life, the millions are eager for it, and wide-awake Agents are wanted quickly. For proof and terms address HUBBARD BROS., Pubs., 723 Sansom street, Philadelphia. Dec1-6w

LEGISLATIVE NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Legislature at their ensuing session for the passage of an act entitled "An Act to extend the provisions of an act entitled 'A Supplement to an act relating to the lien of mechanics and others upon buildings, so far as relates to certain counties, approved the first day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, to the county of Columbia.

The object of this act is to secure to mechanics, material men, builders and contractors protection for work done or materials for or about the repairing alteration of or addition to any house or other building, so that liens may hereafter be had for the payment of all debts contracted for work done or materials furnished for or about the repair, alteration or addition to any house or building, in the same manner that liens may now be had for debts contracted for work done or materials found for or about the erection or construction of any house or other building.

W. S. CONNER.
Dec1-4w

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF SARAH RHOADS, DECEASED.

Letters Testamentary on the estate of Sarah Rhoads, late of the Township of Locust, county of Columbia, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said co. to Franklin Rhoads of same twp. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay.

FRANKLIN RHOADS,
Nov. 17, 1876.-6w. Executor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Humorous.

A lady writes about the "watery, sober moon," when really the moon was full.

It was a little boy in New Jersey who said, "Yes, soda water's good; it's like your foot's asleep."

The Georgia negroes have degenerated since the war. One of them died, the other day, from a kick in the forehead by a mule.

The rabbit is timid, but no cook can make it quail.—[*Graphic.* Almost a good thing; only a hare breadth escape.

In an Iowa Court a man testified that "a nice yaller dog, without any tail, brought up in a respectable family, was worth $10."

A Florida newspaper alludes to "a new dog house, constructed for one of our citizens."

"Don't you think you have a prejudice against the prisoner?" asked a lawyer of a witness. "Very likely," was the reply, "I have caught him stealing two or three times."

A hotel is advertised as "kept by the widow of Mr. Brown, who died last summer on a new and improved plan."

Pretty girls are like confectionery in more ways than one. They are sweet, they are expensive, and they are conducive to heartburn.

A man at Evansville, Ind., who attempted suicide by shooting last Sunday, and did not succeed, was fined the next day for shooting inside the city limits.

Benedict assures us—and we have no reason to doubt his word—that since his marriage, whenever he misses the last train he is sure to catch it.

All hairpins look alike to men, but let a wife go off on a visit and come home and find a hairpin near the gate, and she can't wait a minute to grow red in the face.

Information wanted as to the whereabouts of any article which did not receive the highest award at the Centennial. Needn't be particular about inclosing stamp.

Men, says Adam Smith, are naturally unsentimental. A man will scoop the bottom out of an egg without thinking that the mother of that egg is perhaps a hundred miles away out in the rain.

A lady much given to tattle, said she never told anything except to two sorts of people—those who asked her, and those who didn't.

The late Prof. Snell, of Amherst College, kept a weather record for more than thirty years, taking observations three times a day. The only benefit gained was in knowing when to set out cabbage plants.

The Knoxville *Whig* figures it up that rum costs the United States $200,000 000 annually, and the clergy $2,000,000. Why not abolish the clergy? We must economize.

It sometimes happens that a man ransacks the whole house for a pin, and, unable to find one, drops into a chair in disgust, and is immediately and unexpectedly rewarded for his search.

Excellent but rather tough-looking beef is now sold very cheap in the Buffalo markets, and every body keeps wondering what the canal companies do with their horses during the winter.

A curious typographical error appeared in a morning paper recently. In giving an account of an inquest, it was stated "the deceased bore an accidental character, and the jury returned a verdict of excellent death."

An exchange says: "A fat man can sit on the thumb nail of the statue of the Goddess of Liberty to be erected in New York harbor by the Frenchmen. But no pure minded Goddess of Liberty wants a fat man sitting on her thumb nail.

A French marquis has succeeded in raising a three pound potato on his farm, and the Paris journals are making twice the fuss over it that was made in this country when Horace Greeley put a peck of turnips on the market.

The Taunton *Gazette* makes this record: It was a good and prayerful old lady of this city who said she had stopped praying for her husband because "I have prayed for that man so long without effect that I think the Lord has jost as poor opinion of that man as I have."

"What's the difference," asked a Centennial visitor, pointing to Memorial Hall, "what's the difference between that building and a vein in a young lady's arm?" "Why, one's an art gallery and the other's a gal artery." They carted him off in an ambulance.

They attempted to take one of Barnum's new giraffes across Rhode Island last week, just as it was on the Massachusetts line it reached over and ate up about half of a hay stack in a farm yard in Connecticut and when the farmer came out with a club and attacked the Connecticut end, the Massachusetts end got mad and kicked a man in Boston, and nearly killed him. It created a good deal of excitement at the time in Rhode Island, and most of the people stepped out of the State till it was over.

One night, we were sitting out-of-doors in the moonlight, unusually silent, almost sad. Suddenly some one—a poetic looking man—with a gentle, lovely face—said in a low tone: "Did you ever think of the beautiful lesson the stars teach us?" We gave a vague appreciative murmur, but some soulless clod said: "No, what is it?" "How to wink," he answered, in a sad, sweet voice.

Said one fellow to another: "If I was as flat-footed as you, I would not be afraid on the sidewalk. "Yes," was the response; "some people are flat on one end, and some on another." And then the first chap looked thoughtful, and went on down street.

A frontiersman was requested by the sheriff to come to the jail to identify an inmate who was charged with a serious offence. "I'll go and look at him, but I am not going to be familiar with him until he apologizes for shooting my brother-in law last fall," was the native reply of the guileless child of the flower-bespangled prairies.

A beggar accompanied by his dog, stands at a Paris street corner. He displays a placard; "Have pity on the blind." He is caught attentively regarding a coin dropped into his cup.

"Ah! you can see then."

"Yes."

"Why then the placard?"

"It is not for myself I beg. It is my dog who is blind.

Agricultural.

Selecting Dairy Cows.

A good constitution is important. This may be judged of by the lustre of the hair and the brilliancy of the horns and eyes.

Constitution depends mostly upon the heart and lungs, the size of which may be determined by the depth and breadth of the thorax. They should have a good development, enough to secure health and vigor, but the lungs, in particular, should not be excessively large,. When very large, they burn up, by increased respiretion, the fat forming material, By the extraordinary energy they create, they induce usual exercise and motion, which make a rapid waste of tissue and a rapid assimilation to repair it, and thus divert nutriment from producing milk. If too small, the animal may be an excellent milker while she lives, but will be feeble and shortlived.

The capacity of the lungs corresponds with the size of the apertures, through which they are filled. Large, open nostrils indicate large lungs and vice versa. In the same way, the indications of the mouth correspond with the size of the stomach.

The chine is regarded as an index to milking capacity. When it is double, it denotes breadth of vertebrae, which corresponds to the broad open structure, which is favorable to a large flow.

It is an accompaniment of broad hips and these in turn denote a large cavity which is essential to good milkers.

The milk mirror, or escutcheon of Guenon, is one of the leading indications of milking capacity. It consists of the peculiar appearance of the hair on the udder.

Looking at the hind part of the cow, more or less of the hair which covers the udder and adjacent parts, will be seen to turn upward and outward. This reversed hair forms the so called escutcheon. If the space occupied by the upturned hair, especially the lower part of it, is very large and broad, so that it extends outward on to the thighs, it is regarded as indicating a large flow of milk. If the upper part of it is broad and smooth, it is regarded as favorable to a prolonged flow. If the reversed part of it is narrow and irregular on its upper part it is unfavorable to a long flow. The manner in which the inverted hair connects with the hair adjacent, is supposed to have significance. A gradual blending, rather than abrupt connection is preferred.

The connection of the escutcheon (or scutcheon) with the flow of milk, is accounted for by Magne, who says that the hair turns in the direction in which the arteries ramify, and that the reversed hair on the udder and adjacent parts indicates the termination of the arteries which supply the udder with blood. When these arteries are large, they are not confined to the udder, but extend down through it, and upward and outward, ramifying on the skin beyond the udder, giving the hair the peculiar appearance which distinguishes it from the rest of the surface. If the arteries supplying the udder with blood are very small they are not likely to extend much beyond the udder, and hence form a small escutcheon. Hence a small escutcheon indicates a feeble supply of blood to the udder, and consequently but little material to make milk out of, and hence a small flow of milk. —L. B. Arnolds's American Dairying.

Experience with Alfalfa.

A correspondent of *Colman's Rural World* gives his experience with alfalfa as follows:

I have just finished cutting and getting in my first crop of alfalfa, and am very much pleased with the result. Sown one year ago the roots now penetrate the ground to the depth of three feet. During the first season's growth, the smart weeds grew six feet high and had to be cut and removed, the ground having been very weedy, and the season very wet. Now, however, the alfalfa has fully smothered the weeds and taken possession of the ground, nothing being seen at the time of cutting but the mass of purple blossoms and green leaves. Not being able to learn when to cut it, from any of the numerous articles published in agricultural papers about this grass, I followed the rule for other grasses and cut while in full bloom; and it has made a fine and very fragrant hay. It is greedily devoured by all kinds of stock, and no injury has resulted from early and pretty full feeds of it. The stems appear tough, wiry and woody, and have not a pith like red clover; but I find none of them left by either my mules, horses or cows. It certainly cures more readily than red clover, and is less liable to heat.

By reason of an accident to my mowing machine, and the rainy weather, it is some ten days since I began cutting the alfalfa, and already the second crop is well started where the cutting was begun, and the hands fear it will be ready to cut again by the time they finish cutting some late timothy.

I had been unable to get any information as to which cutting of alfalfa should be thrashed for seed until I met an old German who raised it in Germany, where they run it through a cutting box and mix it with bran, etc., to fatten hogs upon. He says I must leave a portion of the first growth to stand and produce seed—that it will grow and bloom and ripen seed for a month or two after it should be cut for hay, before the seed lobes will be filled and ripe for cutting.

Handy Helps.

There are some things which a farmer wants but once a year, and there are others which he always should have ready. No tool comes oftener into play than a hammer for example. Every new or old wooden tool should be oiled. Have a barrel or keg or can of crude petroleum always ready in your shop. Keep everything well anointed. The crude oil goes right into the pores and makes any wood durable as cedar Keep it constantly on hand. Again, save, every piece of rope, and leather strap. They will be useful for repairing. The next time you go to a hardware store, get fifty cents' or a dollar's worth of copper wire and copper straps.—Copper wire is a great deal better than iron wire, because it is much more flexible, like cord, and copper straps are capital for repairing any fracture in woodwork, it may be so easily wrapped around, or nailed on with small nails of different sizes, that will clinch readily when you use them. You will remember that in driving these or any other nails into hard wood, they will go more easily by first touching the points with a little grease, but do not let the grease get on the face of the hammer.

Coal ashes have a wonderful effect upon pear trees, especially those growing in light soil. The ashes of last winter were used around the trees in liberal quantities, and those treated have outgrown anything in the orchard. Some that were even sickly, and apparently ready to give up their hold on life, have been restored to perfect health by those remedies.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Will be found to possess those qualities necessary to the total eradication of all bilious attacks, prompt to start the secretions of the liver, and give a healthy tone to the entire system. Indeed, it is no ordinary discovery in medical science to have invented a remedy for these stubborn complaints, which develop all the results produced by a heretofore too free use of calomel, a mineral justly dreaded by mankind, and acknowledged to be destructive in the extreme to the human system. That the properties of certain Vegetables comprise all the virtues of calomel without its injurious tendencies is now an admitted fact, rendered indisputable by scientific researches; and those who use the Mandrake Pills will be fully satisfied that the best medicines are those provided by nature in the common herbs and roots of the fields.

These Pills open the bowels and correct all bilious derangements without salivation or any of the injurious effects of calomel or other poisons. The secretion of bile is promoted by these pills as will be seen by the altered color of the stools, and disappearing of the sallow complexion and cleansing of the tongue.

Ample directions for use accompany each box of pills. Prepared only by J. H. Schenck & Son, at their principal office, corner Sixth and Arch streets, Philadelphia, and for sale by all druggists and dealers. Price 25 cents per box.

Dec.

PUBLIC REPORT

—OF A—

POLICEMAN.

I have not enjoyed good health for several years past, yet have not allowed it to interfere with my labor. Every one belonging to the laboring class knows the inconvenience of being obliged to labor when the body, from debility, almost refuses to perform its daily task. I never was a believer in dosing with medicines; but having heard the Vegetine spoken of so highly, was determined to try it, and shall never regret that determination. As a tonic (which every one needs at some time) it surpasses anything I ever heard of. It invigorates the whole system; it is a great cleanser and purifier of the blood. There are many of my acquaintances who have taken it, and all unite in praise of its satisfactory effect.

Especially among the aged class of people, it imparts to them the one thing most needful in old age —nights of calm, sweet repose, thereby strengthening the mind as well as the body. One aged lady, who has been suffering through life from scrofula and has become blind from its effects, having tried many remedies with no favorable result was induced by friends to try the Vegetine. After taking a few bottles, she obtained such gr at relief that she expressed a wish for her sight, that she might be able to look upon the man who had done her such a blessing

Yours respectfully,

O. C. H. HODGE, Police Officer, Station 6,

BOSTON, Mass., May 9, 1871.

HEARTFELT PRAYER.

St. Paul, Aug. 22, 1864.

H. R. Stevens, Esq.:

Dear Sir.—I should be wanting in gratitude, if I failed to acknowledge what the Vegetine has done for me. I was attacked about eleven months since with Bronchitis, which settled into consumption. I had night sweats and fever called; was distressed for breath, and frequently spit blood; was all emaciated, very weak, and so low that my friends thought my case hopeless.

I was advised to make a trial of the Vegetine which, under the providence of God, has cured me That he may bless the use of your medicine to others, as he has to me, and that his divine grace may attend you, is the heartfelt prayer of your admiring, humble servant.

BENJAMIN PETTINGILL.

P. S.—Mine is but one among the many cures your medicine has effected in this place. B. P.

MAKE IT PUBLIC.

South Boston, Feb 9, 1871.

H. R. Stevens, Esq.

Dear Sir—I have heard from very many sources of the great success of Vegetine in cases of Scrofula, Rheumatism, Kidney Complaint, Catarrh, and other diseases of kindred nature. I make no hesitation in saying that I know Vegetine to be the most reliable remedy for Catarrh and General Debility.

My wife has been troubled with Catarrh for many years, and at times very badly. She has thoroughly tried every supposed remedy that we could hear of and with all this she has for several years been gradually growing worse, and the discharge from the head was excessive and very offensive.

She was in this condition when she commenced to take Vegetine; I could see that she was improving on the second bottle. She continued taking the Vegetine until she had used from twelve to fifteen bottles. I am now happy in informing you and the public (if you choose to make it public) that she is entirely cured, and Vegetine accomplished the cure after nothing else would. Hence I feel justified in saying that Vegetine is the most reliable remedy, and would advise all suffering humanity to try it, for I believe it to be a good, honest, vegetable medicine, and I shall not hesitate to recommend it. I am, &c., respectfully,

L. C. CARDELL.

Store 451 Broadway.

Vegetine acts directly upon the causes of these complaints. It invigorates and strengthens the whole system, acts upon the secretive organs, allays inflammation, cleanses and cures ulceration, cures constipation, and regulates the bowels.

Has Entirely Cured Me.

Boston, October, 1870.

Mr. Stevens:

Dear Sir—My daughter, after having a severe attack of whooping cough, was left in a feeble state of health. Being advised by a friend she tried the Vegetine, and after using a few bottles was fully restored to health.

I have been a great sufferer from Rheumatism. I have taken several bottles of the Vegetine for this complaint, and am happy to say it has entirely cured me. I have recommended the Vegetine to others, with the same good results. It is a great cleanser and purifier of the blood; it is pleasant to take; and I can cheerfully recommend it.

JAMES MORSE, 364 Athens Street.

Nov. 17,-1m

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers Everywhere.

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color, with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous, and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich, glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists,

LOWELL, MASS.

Oct. 18, 1876-1y

MARVINS

STANDARD

FIRE and BURGLAR

SAFES

COUNTER, PLATFORM WAGON & TRACK

SCALES

AGENTS WANTED

SEND FOR PRICE LIST

MARVIN SAFE & SCALE CO.

265 BROADWAY N.Y.

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PAPER BAGS FOR SALE AT THE COLUMBIA OFFICE.

LOUIS BERNHARD,

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Dealer in

ELGIN & OTHER WATCHES,

Silver and Plated Ware,

FINE JEWELRY, CLOCKS, &C.,

REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING

Promptly Executed.

Oct.8,'75-1y

PAINTING,

GLAZING AND PAPERING.

WM. F. BODINE, Iron Street below second, Bloomsburg, Pa., is prepared to do all kinds of

PAINTING,

GLAZING,

and

PAPER HANGING

in the best styles, at lowest prices, and at short notice.

Parties having such work to do will save money calling on me.

All work warranted to give satisfaction. Orders solicited

WM. F. BODINE.

March6'74

CALIFORNIA

THE CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY

Embraces under one management the Great Trunk Railway Lines of the WEST and NORTH-WEST, and, with its numerous branches and connections, forms the shortest and quickest route between Chicago and all points in ILLINOIS, WISCONSIN, NORTHERN MICHIGAN, MINNESOTA, IOWA, NEBRASKA, California and the Western Territories. Its

Omaha and California Line

Is the shortest and best route for all points in northern Illinois, Iowa, Dakota, Nebraska, Wyoming, Colorado, Nevada, Utah, California, Oregon, China, Japan and Australia. Its

Chicago, Madison & St. Paul Line

Is the short line for Northern Wisconsin and Minnesota, and for Madison, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, and all points in the great North-west. Its

Winona and St. Peter Line

Is the only route for Winona, Rochester, Owatonna, Mankato, St. Peter, New Ulm, and all points in southern and central Minnesota. Its

Green Bay and Marquette Line

Is the only line for Janesville, Watertown, Fond Du Lac Oshkosh, Appleton, Green Bay, Escanaba, Negaunee, Marquette, Houghton, Hancock and the Lake Superior country. Its

Freeport and Dubuque Line

Is the only route for Elgin, Rockford, Freeport, and all port ts via Freeport. Its

Chicago and Milwaukee Line

Is the old Lake Shore Route, and is the only one passing through Evanston, Lake Forest, Highland Park, Waukegan, Racine, Kenosha to Milwaukee.

Pullman Palace Cars

are run on all through trains of this road.

This is the ONLY LINE running these cars between Chicago and St. Paul, Chicago and Milwaukee, or Chicago and Winona.

At Omaha our sleepers connect with the overland sleepers on the Union Pacific Railroad for all points west of the Missouri river.

On the arrival of the trains from the east or south, the trains of the Chicago & North-Western Railway leave Chicago as follows:

FOR COUNCIL BLUFFS, OMAHA AND CALIFORNIA, Two through trains daily, with Pullman palace dressing room and sleeping cars through to Council Bluffs.

FOR ST PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS, two through trains daily, with Pullman palace cars attached to both trains.

FOR GREEN BAY AND LAKE SUPERIOR, two trains daily, with Pullman palace cars attached, and running through to Marquette.

FOR MILWAUKEE, four through trains daily, Pullman cars on night trains, parlor chair cars on day trains.

FOR SPARTA AND WINONA and points in Minnesota, one through train daily, with Pullman sleepers to Winona.

FOR DUBUQUE, via Freeport, two through trains daily, with Pullman cars on night trains.

FOR DUBUQUE AND LA CROSSE, via Clinton, two through trains daily, with Pullman cars on night train to McGregor, Iowa.

FOR STORK CITY AND YANKTON, two trains daily, Pullman cars to Missouri Valley Junction.

FOR LAKE GENEVA, four trains daily.

FOR ROCKFORD, STERLING, KENOSHA, JANESVILLE, and other points, you can have from two to ten trains daily.

New York office, No 415 Broadway; Boston office, 5 State Street; Omaha office, 253 Farnham Street; San Francisco office, 121 Montgomery Street; Chicago ticket offices: 62 Clark street, under Sherman House; corner Canal and Madison Streets; Kinzie Street depot, corner W. Kinzie and Canal Streets; Wells Street depot, corner Wells and Kinzie Streets.

For rates or information not attainable from your home ticket agents, apply to

W. H. STENNETT, Gen. Pass. Ag't, Chicago.

MARVIN HUGHITT, Gen. Sup't, Chicago

Feb. 4, 76-1y

THIS PAPER IS KEPT ON FILE AT THE OFFICE OF,

N. W. AYER & SON ADVERTISING AGENTS,

733 SANSOM ST., PHILADELPHIA,

Who are our authorized agents, and will receive Advertisements at our LOWEST CASH RATES.

ALBRECHT & CO.

GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT

PIANOS.

The ALBRECHT & Co. PIANOS are first-class in every respect, being considered the leading Philadelphia make by musicians and competent judges. Through their extensive facilities, MESSRS. ALBRECHT & Co. are enabled to turn out instruments that are not surpassed anywhere, and still sell them at prices within the reach of all. No Piano is permitted to leave their factory unless satisfactory to the most minute particular, hence their guarantee of five years is a thing of value. All late improvements of importance are found in these instruments.

MESSRS. ALBRECHT & Co. have received the most flattering Testimonials from L. M. GOTTSCHALK, FRANZ ABT, GUSTAVE SATTER, J. F. HIMMELSBACH, WILLIAM WOLSIEFFER and many other eminent artists, besides being able to refer to thousands of private purchasers, schools, seminaries, societies and teachers.

Pianos conscientiously selected per orders by mail, carefully packed and shipped safely to any part of the world.

☞ For further particulars as to references, prices and terms, address,

ALBRECHT & CO.

610 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

July14, 1876.-1y.

PUBLIC SALE HAND BILLS Printed at this Office ON SHORTEST NOTICE AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE TERMS.

BLOOMSBURG STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

SIXTH NORMAL SCHOOL DISTRICT.

Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

T. L. GRISWOLD, A. M., M. D Principal.

THIS SCHOOL, as at present constituted, offers the very best facilities for Professional and Classical learning.

Buildings spacious, inviting and commodious; completely heated by steam, well ventilated, lighted by gas, and furnished with a bountiful supply of pure, soft, spring water.

Location healthful, and ease of access. Teachers experienced, efficient, and alive to their work. Discipline, firm but kind, uniform and thorough. Expenses moderate. Fifty cents a week deduction to all expecting to teach. Students admitted at any time. Rooms reserved when desired.

Courses of study prescribed by the State:

I. Model School. II. Preparatory. III. Elementary. IV, Classical.

Adjunct Courses: I. Academic, II. Commercial. III. Course in Music. IV. Course in Art. V. Course in Physical Culture.

The Elementary, Scientific and Classical Courses are PROFESSIONAL, and Students graduating therein, receive State Diplomas, conferring the following corresponding Degrees; Master of the Elements; Master of the Sciences; Master of the Classics. Graduates in the other Courses receive Normal Certificates of their attainments., signed by the Officers of the Board of Trustees.

The course of Study prescribed by the State is liberal, and the Scientific and Classical courses are not inferior to those of our best Colleges.

The State requires a higher order of citizenship. The times demand it. It is one of the prime objects of this School to help to secure it, by furnishing intelligent and efficient Teachers for her Schools. To this end it solicits young persons of good abilities and good purposes,—those who desire to improve their time and their talents, as students. To all such it promises aid in developing their powers, and abundant opportunities for well paid labor after leaving school. For Catalogue, address the Principal.

HON. WILLIAM ELWELL, President Board of Trustees

COL. J. G. FREEZE, Secretary.

Sept. 8, 76.-1y

TWO IMPORTANT INVENTIONS

OF INTEREST TO EVERY ONE.

1st. **A PIANO OR PARLOR ORGAN CHAIR,** with an adjustable back,—made to support the back of the sitter while leaning forward in the ordinary position for playing, and by a simple arrangement, which gives it a backward and at the same time a downward movement, follows his motions and supports him in any position without interfering in the least with the freedom of his movements.

2d. **A PLATFORM ROCKER ON CASTORS,** with the long easy movement of the old style, without the projecting rockers to mar other furniture and the bases of rooms; being, in fact, the only Platform Rocker made that has a perfectly satisfactory movement.

Manufactured for the trade by

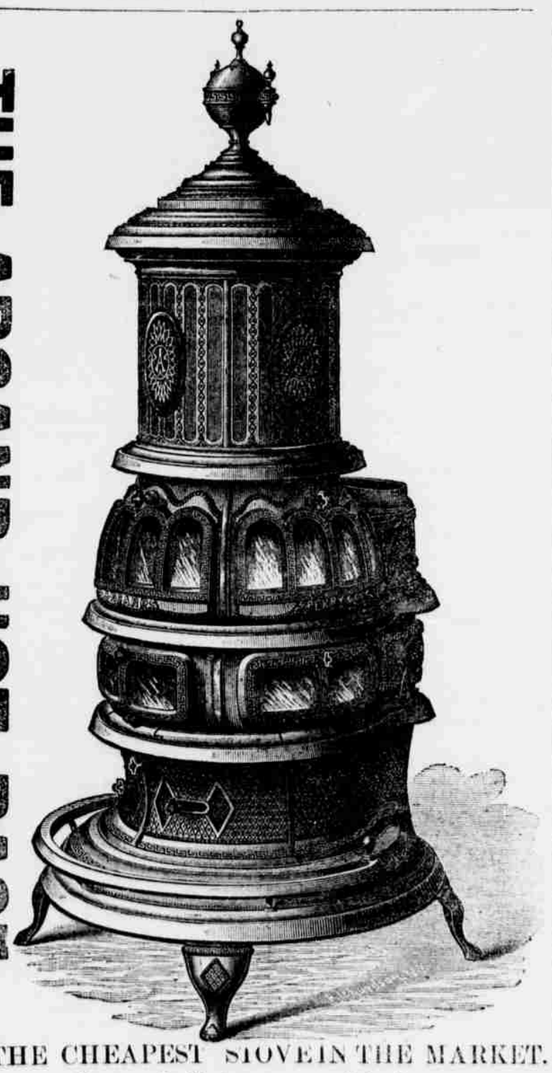
ALBERT BEST & CO.,

BUFFALO, N. Y.,

and for sale by the principal dealers throughout the United States.

☞ If not kept by any dealer in your town, send to us for Price List and Catalogue.

THE ARCAND HOT BASE.



IS THE CHEAPEST STOVE IN THE MARKET.

Because the Heat passes around the Base

HEATING THE WHOLE STOVE.

Allowing no waste heat to pass up the chimney.

A SMALL ARCAND

will do as much work as a large stove of any other make with less than

HALF THE COAL.

For ECONOMY and BEAUTY it cannot be excelled. DO NOT FAIL TO EXAMINE THE ARGAND before buying elsewhere.

FOR SALE ONLY BY

ROLLINS & HOLMES,

Bloomsburg, Pa.

TEA! TEA! TEA!

All kinds and prices

GREEN TEA AND BLACK TEA.

AT

J. H. MAIZE'S

MAMMOTH GROCERY

Corner Main and Center Streets

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Oct. 9, 1875.-tf.

BLOOMSBURG

MARBLE WORKS.

T. L. GUNTON, Proprietor,

MAIN STREET, BELOW MARKET.

Manufacturer of and Dealer in all kinds of

MONUMENTAL MARBLE WORKS

We use the best AMERICAN and ITALIAN Marble. He has on hand and furnishes to order

MONUMENTS,
TOMBS,
HEADSTONES,
URNS, VASES, &c.

Every variety of Marble cutting neatly executed at the lowest market prices.

A long practical experience and personal attention to business makes the proprietor confident of giving satisfaction. All orders by mail promptly attended to. P. O. box 297.

☞ *N. B.—Work delivered free of charge.*"

Aug. 21, '74-1y. T. L. GUNTON, Proprietor.

Important to Lawyers.

Justices of the Peace, Constables, Executors, Administrators, Guardian, Township officers, and business men generally.

We have on hand a large assortment of legal blanks for the use of Attorneys, Justices and Constable's blanks of all kinds, Note and Receipt books for Administrators &c.

PRICE LIST.

ATTORNEY'S BLANKS.

Precipe for Summons.
" " Fi. Fa.
" " Rule to take Depositions.
" " " choose Arbitrators.
3 cents apiece, or $1.75 per hundred.

Petition for Appointment of Guardian.
" " Citation
Rule to take Depositions,
Narr in Debt, with Confession,
" " Assumpsit,
Mechanics Lien,
4 cents each or $3.50 per hundred.
Petition for sale of Real Estate 5 cents each.

JUSTICES' BLANKS.

Subpœnas, Summons, Warrants, Executions, 80 to 25 cents each.

Leases	5 cents each
Blue Deeds	10 " "
Parchment Deeds	15 " "
Agreements	5 " "
Orphan's Court Sales	10 for $1 50
Constable's Sales	3 cents each
Mortgage and Bond	12 " "
All kinds of Notes	1 " "

Receipts, Notes, School Orders, Poor Orders, Store Orders, neatly bound, constantly on hand, or made to order on short notice.

We are prepared to do neater job work than any other office in this county.

BROCKWAY & ELWELL, Editors and Proprietors of the COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa

GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP.

THOROUGHLY CURES DISEASES OF THE SKIN, BEAUTIFIES THE COMPLEXION, PREVENTS AND REMEDIES RHEUMATISM AND GOUT, HEALS SORES AND ABRASIONS OF THE CUTICLE AND COUNTERACTS CONTAGION.

This Standard External Remedy for Eruptions, Sores and Injuries of the Skin, not only REMOVES FROM THE COMPLEXION ALL BLEMISHES arising from local impurities of the blood and obstruction of the pores, but also those produced by the sun and wind, such as tan and freckles. It renders the CUTICLE MARVELOUSLY CLEAR, SMOOTH and PLIANT, and being a WHOLESOME BEAUTIFIER is far preferable to any cosmetic.

ALL THE REMEDIAL ADVANTAGES OF SULPHUR BATHS are insured BY THE USE OF *Glenn's Sulphur Soap,* which in addition to its purifying effects, remedies and PREVENTS RHEUMATISM and GOUT.

It also DISINFECTS CLOTHING and LINEN and PREVENTS DISEASES COMMUNICATED BY CONTACT with the PERSON.

IT DISSOLVES DANDRUFF, prevents baldness, and retards grayness of the hair.

Physicians speak of it in high terms.

Prices—25 and 50 Cents per Cake; per Box (3 Cakes), 60c. and $1.20.

N. B.—The 50 cent cakes are triple the size of those at 25 cents.

"HILL'S HAIR AND WHISKER DYE,"

Black or Brown, 50 Cents.

C. N. CRITTENTON, Prop'r, 7 Sixth Av., N.Y.

Oct. 23, '76.-1y.

Legislative Notice.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Legislature at their ensuing session for the passage of an act entitled "An Act relative to the publication of legal advertising in the County of Columbia." The object of this act is to require all legal and other advertising required to be published by the Laws of this Commonwealth and the rules of the respective Courts thereof, in the County of Columbia, to be printed and published in the "Columbian" and "Columbia County Republican" two weekly newspapers published in Bloomsburg, the County Seat of said county.

D. A. BUCKLEY.

Dec. 1, 76-4w

MORRIS MICHEL,

PRACTICAL PIANO MAKER, TUNER AND REPAIRER.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FIRST CLASS PIANOS AND ORGANS FOR SALE. SECOND HAND PIANOS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE. ORDER BY MAIL PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

Dec 1, 76-1y

PATENTS.

Persons desiring to take out patents, or desiring information from the United States Patent Office should consult E. A. LEHMANN, Solicitor of American and Foreign Patents, Washington, D. C. Examinations free. NO PATENT NO PAY. Send for Circular.

Oct. 6, 76.1 & w

RAIL ROAD TIME TABLES

PHILADELPHIA AND READING ROAD

ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

July 12, 1876.

TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT AS FOLLOWS (SUNDAY EXCEPTED)

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville Tamaqua, &c., 11.35 a. m

For Catawissa, 11.35 a. m. and 7.50 p. m.

For Williamsport, 8.50 8.55 a. m. and 8.05 p. m.

TRAINS FOR DEPOT LEAVE AS FOLLOWS, (SUNDAY EXCEPTED.)

Leave New York, 8.45 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia, 9.15 a. m.

Leave Reading, 11.3 a. m., Pottsville, 12.15 p. m and Tamaqua, 1.20 p. m.

Leave Catawissa, 6.30 6.55 a. m. and 4.40 p. m.

Leave Williamsport 9.2 a.m. 12.05 p. m. and 8.40 p. m

Passengers [illegible] from New York and Philadelphia go through [illegible] without change of cars.

J. E. WOOTTEN,

Jan. 11, 1876—tf. General Superintendent.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

On and after November 20th, 1875, trains will leave SUNDURY as follows:

NORTHWARD.

Erie Mail 8.40 a. m., arrive Elmira.....11.50 a. m.
" " Canandaigua.....3.55 p. m
" " Rochester.....5.15 "
" " Niagara.....9.40 "

Elmira Accommodation 11.15 a. m. arrive Elmira 4.15 p. m.

Elmira Mail 4.15 p. m., arrive Elmira 10.30 p. m.

Buffalo Express 7.15 p. m. arrive Buffalo 8.05 a. m.

SOUTHWARD.

Buffalo Express 2.20 a. m. arrive Harrisburg 6.25 a. m.
" " Baltimore.....9.50 "
" " Washington.....10.45 "

Elmira Mail 11.15 a. m., arrive Harrisburg 2.25 p. m
" " Washington.....8.00 "
" " Baltimore.....8.30 "
" " Philadelphia.....7.55 "

Harrisburg accommodation 8.40 p. m. arrive Harrisburg 12.55 p. m.

[illegible] arrive Baltimore 2.25 a. m
" " Washington 3.20 "

Erie Mail 12.25 a. m. arrive Harrisburg 4.20 a. m.
" " Baltimore 8.00 "
" " Philadelphia 7.30 "
" " Washington 10.25 "

All daily except SUNDAY.

D. M. BOYD, Jr., General Passenger Agent
A. J. CASSATT, General Manager

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division.

WINTER TIME TABLE.

ON and after SUNDAY, NOV. 26, 1876 the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Rail Road Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

ERIE MAIL leaves	New York		8.25	p. m
" "	Philadelphia		11.10	p. m
" "	Baltimore		9.10	p. m
" "	Harrisburg		4.25	a. m
" "	arr. at Williamsport		8.35	a. m
" "	"	Lock Haven	9.40	a. m
" "	"	Renovo	11.00	a. m
" "	"	Kane	1.3[illegible]	p. m
NIAGARA EXPRESS	leaves	Philadelphia	7.20	a. m
" "	"	Baltimore	4.00	p. m
" "	"	Harrisburg	10.50	a. m
" "	arr. at	Williamsport	2.50	p. m
" "	"	Lock Haven	3.55	p. m
" "	"	Renovo	5.45	p. m
" "	"	Kane	9.30	p. m
" "	"	Buffalo		
FAST LINE	leaves	New York	8.25	a. m
" "	"	Philadelphia	11.50	a. m
" "	"	Baltimore	11.35	a. m
" "	"	Harrisburg	4.30	p. m
" "	arr. at	Williamsport	7.30	p. m

EASTWARD.

DAY EXPRESS	leaves	Kane	6.00	a. m
" "	"	Renovo	7.20	a. m
" "	"	Lock Haven	8. [illegible]	a. m
" "	"	Williamsport	12.40	p. m
" "	arr. at	Harrisburg	4.30	p. m
" "	"	Philadelphia	7.00	p. m
" "	"	New York	10.15	p. m
" "	"	Baltimore	7.35	p. m
" "	"	Washington	9.05	p. m
ERIE MAIL	leaves	Erie	11.20	a. m
" "	"	Renovo	8.35	p. m
" "	"	Lock Haven	9.40	p. m
" "	"	Williamsport	11.0[illegible]	p. m
" "	arr. at	Harrisburg	2.45	a. m
" "	"	Baltimore	7.10	a. m
" "	"	Philadelphia	7.[illegible]	a. m
" "	"	New York	10.15	a. m
FAST LINE	leaves	Williamsport	12.55	a. m
" "	arr. at	Harrisburg	4.[illegible]	a. m
" "	"	Baltimore	7.45	a. m
" "	"	Philadelphia	7.55	a. m
" "	"	New York	10.45	a. m

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, Lock Haven Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Northumberland with N. C. R. R. R. trains for Williamsport and Sunbury.

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, Erie Express West and Lock Haven Accommodation West make close connection at Williamsport with N. C. R. R. trains for [illegible].

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R. at Corry with N. Y. P. & O. at Oil City, and with A. V. R. R. at Kingston with B. N. Y. & P. R. R. and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

Parlor Cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Express West, Erie Express West, Philadelphia Express East, Day Express East and Sunday Express East. Sleeping Cars on all night trains.

WM. A. BALDWIN,

Dec. 17, 75—tf General Supt.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

Time-Table No. 39, Takes effect at 4:30 A. M

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 22 1875.

| NORTH. | | | STATIONS. | SOUTH. | | |
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